

Swedish Government Offices Yearbook 2022

2022



Government Offices of Sweden

Contents

Foreword	4
Facts about the Government Offices	5
Policy areas at the ministries in 2022	8
The Government Offices' internal development work	10
The Swedish Government in 2022	11
Appendix:.....	13
Contents	14
Introduction.....	15
1. The legislative process.....	16
Serving on committees	17
Committee terms of reference and supplementary terms of reference	17
List of committee terms of reference and supplementary terms of reference	18
Swedish Government Official Reports and Ministry Publications Series ...	23
Number of SOUs	23
Number of Ds.....	23
List of SOUs and Ds	24
Government bills and written communications	28
Number of government bills and written communications	28
List of government bills and written communications	29
Acts and ordinances	36
Number of acts and ordinances issued each year by ministry	36
2. The budget process and agency governance.....	37
Summary of the central government budget, SEK billion	39
Revenue, SEK billion.....	39
Expenditure, SEK billion.....	40
Agency governance	41
Number of government agencies that report to the Government	42
Appropriation directions and amendments.....	42
Number of appropriation directions and amendments	42
Number of appropriation directions and amendments by ministry	43
Appointments	43
3. Government business	45
Number of decided items of government business.....	45
Registered cases in the case register	46
Foreign policy documents outside the case register	46
Applications, exemptions and appeals	46
Applications for grants and support	47
Exemptions and appeals.....	47

4. Work at EU and international level	48
Missions abroad	48
Visas and passports	50
Officials posted abroad	51
Travel days abroad	52
Explanatory memorandums on new EU proposals	53
5. External communication	54
The Government Offices' digital channels	54
Replies to interpellations from members of the Riksdag	55
Replies to written questions raised by members of the Riksdag	56
Replies to letters.....	57
Travel days in Sweden.....	58
6. Special projects and programmes 2022	59
7. Internal support	61
Employees by ministry	61
Employees by staff category	62
Proportion of women and men by staff category	63
Average age and average length of service	64
Staff turnover	64
Sickness absence	65
Sickness absence by age group	65
Parental leave and care of a sick child	66
Parental benefit	66
Temporary parental benefit	66
Equal pay	66
Integration of climate and environment in the Government Offices' preparatory processes	66
Activities with direct environmental impact (internal activities).....	67
Government Offices expenditure.....	68
Costs per ministry, SEK million	68
Costs per cost category, SEK million	68
How to contact the Government and the Government Offices	69
More information	70
Ordering printed material.....	71

Foreword

The role of the Government Offices is to support the Government in governing the country and putting its policies into practice. Officials assist the Government by examining various issues, drafting legislation, providing data for the management of government agencies, developing relations with other countries and preparing various decisions and standpoints in negotiations, for example in the EU.

The purpose of the yearbook is to present facts and figures about the organisation, and responsibilities and activities of the Government Offices, with a focus on the following areas of operation:

- The legislative process.
- The budget process and agency governance.
- Government business.
- Work at EU and international level.
- External communication.
- Internal development and support.

The yearbook also contains information about the ministers who served in the Swedish Government in 2022 and a section on how to contact the Government and the Government Offices.

If you have any questions that are not answered in these pages or would like more information, please feel free to contact us. You are also welcome to visit our English website: www.government.se

Facts about the Government Offices

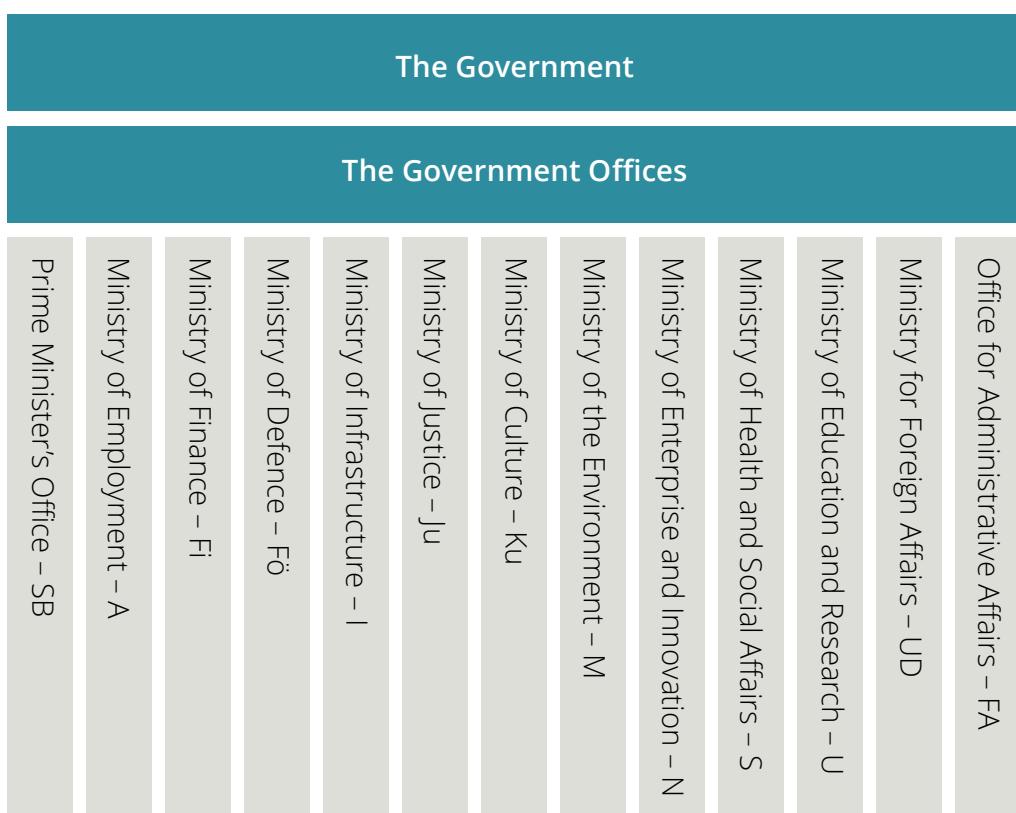
Organisation of the Government Offices

In 2022, the Government Offices comprised the Prime Minister's Office, eleven ministries and the Office for Administrative Affairs. The Government Offices is a single government agency headed by the Prime Minister. This means that the Prime Minister is both head of government and head of the Government Offices. During the year, general elections were held that led to a change of government. On 18 October, Ulf Kristersson took office as the new Prime Minister.

In the day-to-day work of the Government Offices, the Prime Minister is assisted by a state secretary at the Prime Minister's Office, the Permanent Secretary at the Government Offices and the Director-General for Legal Affairs at the Prime Minister's Office. The leadership of each ministry comprises one or more ministers, one of whom is head of ministry. Every minister is supported by state secretaries, political advisers, press secretaries and ministry officials. The Office for Administrative Affairs is headed by the Permanent Secretary.

Missions abroad – i.e. embassies, representations, delegations to international organisations such as the EU, the UN and the OECD, and career consulates – are separate authorities that are directly responsible in administrative terms to the Government Offices.

The Government appoints committees of inquiry and inquiry chairs. These are independent government agencies that report to the Government.



Duties of the Government Offices

“The Government Offices is responsible for preparing government business and assisting the ministers in other aspects of their work.” (*Section 1 of the Ordinance concerning the Duties of the Government Offices [1996:1515]*).

Duties of the officials

The Government Offices has approximately 4 800 employees, including some 200 political appointees. Those who are not politically appointed retain their posts regardless of the government in power. They are responsible for assisting the Government by preparing background material and developing proposals for government decision-making, and examining national and international issues. They also deal with issues related to the governance of government agencies, preparing data for the annual appropriation directions and following up agency activities. International negotiations, for example in the European Union, are also part of their work.

Government Offices activities

The appendix section of the yearbook contains descriptions of the Government Offices’ activities in a number of statistical measures that reflect its activities in various ways. The information can be divided into seven main activities that can be described in short as follows:

1. The legislative process

The task of the officials is, on the instructions of the Government, to process political initiatives, formulate terms of reference for committees of inquiry and prepare background material for decisions. They also circulate reports for comment, prepare proposals for referral to the Council on Legislation, draft government bills and prepare the issuing of laws passed by the Riksdag.

2. The budget process and agency governance

Government Offices officials prepare documentation and proposals for the central government budget, analyse and follow up the budget, prepare the instructions and appropriation directions that govern government agencies, participate in the appointment of agency boards and agency heads, and maintain regular contact with government agencies.

3. Government business

Government Offices officials prepare government business. This includes government bills, written communications, instructions to government agencies, appropriation and grant matters, and certain administrative matters.

4. Work at EU and international level

The Government Offices prepares Swedish positions and conducts negotiations in the EU. It is also responsible for transposing EU directives into Swedish law. Government Offices officials also represent Sweden in other international negotiations, including in the UN system.

5. External communication

The Government Offices staff assists the Government in communicating with the world at large. For example, officials draft input to ministerial responses to questions from the Riksdag and prepare replies to letters and emails from the general public.

6. Special projects and programmes

Special projects and programmes are activities of an administrative nature that are undertaken by the Government Offices. These activities last for a limited period of time.

7. Internal support

Government Offices officials are involved in internal operational planning, financial administration, human resources issues, IT support, security services, archiving, registration and the provision of premises.

Policy areas at the ministries in 2022

In 2022 the Government Offices of Sweden comprised the Prime Minister's Office, eleven ministries and the Office for Administrative Affairs. Their main policy areas are described briefly below.

The information in this section refers to 2022. Employment figures include both ministry officials and employees serving on government committees or commissions of inquiry.

Prime Minister's Office

The Prime Minister's Office is responsible for leading and coordinating the work of the Government Offices. It is also responsible for coordinating Swedish EU policy. An average of 226 officials worked at the Prime Minister's Office during the year.

Ministry of Employment

In 2022, the Ministry of Employment was responsible for issues concerning the labour market, working life and labour law, human rights and discrimination including LGBTIQ issues and work against racism, and gender equality. On average, 173 officials worked at the Ministry (including committees of inquiry) during the year.

Ministry of Finance

In 2022, the Ministry of Finance was responsible for issues concerning central government finances. This included coordination of the central government budget, forecasts and analyses, tax issues, and management and administration of central government activities. The Ministry was also responsible for matters concerning financial markets, housing and community planning, and consumer legislation. An average of 534 officials worked at the Ministry during the year (including committees of inquiry).

Ministry of Defence

In 2022, the Ministry of Defence was responsible for national defence, total defence, international defence and security policy cooperation, foreign intelligence activities, international operations, and international law in armed conflicts. An average of 135 officials worked at the Ministry during the year (including committees of inquiry)

Ministry of Infrastructure

In 2022, the Ministry of Infrastructure was responsible for issues concerning transport and infrastructure, digital transformation and IT, postal issues and energy. An average of 179 officials worked at the Ministry during the year (including committees of inquiry).

Ministry of Justice

In 2022, the Ministry of Justice was responsible for the judicial system, migration and asylum issues, crisis preparedness, the Swedish Constitution and civil law. An average of 410 officials worked at the Ministry during the year (including committees of inquiry).

Ministry of Culture

In 2022, the Ministry of Culture was responsible for cultural issues, media issues, democracy, the indigenous Sami people and the national minorities, civil society, sport, faith communities and youth policy. An average of 120 officials worked at the Ministry during the year (including committees of inquiry).

Ministry of the Environment

In 2022, the Ministry of the Environment was responsible for issues concerning reduced climate emissions, a toxin-free everyday environment and strengthening biodiversity on land and in water. The Ministry was also responsible for matters related to ecocycles and waste, radiation safety, protection and management of valuable natural habitats, and international environmental cooperation. An average of 194 officials worked at the Ministry during the year (including committees of inquiry).

Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation

In 2022, the Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation was responsible for issues concerning state-owned enterprises, industry and trade, rural areas and land and water-based industries, animals and food, and regional development. An average of 296 officials worked at the Ministry during the year (including committees of inquiry).

Ministry of Health and Social Affairs

In 2022, the Ministry of Health and Social Affairs was responsible for issues concerning social care, health and medical care, disability issues, public health and social insurance. An average of 297 officials worked at the Ministry during the year (including committees of inquiry).

Ministry of Education and Research

In 2022, the Ministry of Education and Research was responsible for the Government's education, liberal adult education and research policies. An average of 194 officials worked at the Ministry during the year (including committees of inquiry).

Ministry for Foreign Affairs

The Ministry for Foreign Affairs is responsible for Sweden's foreign, development cooperation and trade policy. More than 100 embassies and consulates abroad answer to the Ministry for Foreign Affairs. An average of 1 278 officials worked at the Ministry for Foreign Affairs during the year (including committees of inquiry), of whom 502 were stationed at missions abroad. In addition, an average of about 1 350 staff were locally employed at missions abroad.

The Government Offices' internal development work

The Government Offices must be constantly developed to provide effective support to the Government and to be an attractive employer. Digitalisation of the Government Offices' core processes is a priority area.

Work to create the conditions for the digitalisation of the Government Offices' core processes has continued. Implementation of digital working methods for government business began during the year. Preparations were also made to develop a working method for consultations and other ways of handling comments. This development will contribute to better process efficiency, improved product quality and better interaction with external actors.

Another high priority has been the development of administrative support processes, such as the introduction of a new accounting model that will be used in a uniform manner and support the needs of the entire Government Offices. Also in 2022, preparations began ahead of the planned change of payroll system by the National Government Service Centre. This has included a review of the human resources administrative processes.

The Government Offices' employer policy priorities for 2022–2025 were set by the Human Resources Director during the year. The priorities are to guide the development of the Government Offices' employer policy.

The Government Offices must be able to offer flexible working arrangements to contribute to efficiency and strengthen our attractiveness as an employer. Dialogues were conducted within the Government Offices during the year to learn from experiences from the pandemic and identify needs ahead of future development efforts.

Government Offices activities must be conducted in a sustainable and eco-efficient manner to help reduce their environmental impact. The Government Offices' environmental efforts are conducted in accordance with the environmental management system ISO 14001.

The Swedish Government in 2022

Every four years, the Swedish people elect their representatives to the Riksdag (the Swedish Parliament). The Riksdag appoints a Prime Minister, who is tasked with forming a government

From 30 November 2021, Sweden was governed by the Swedish Social Democratic Party. From 15 September 2022, Sweden was governed by a caretaker government. From 18 October 2022, Sweden has been governed by a coalition consisting of the Moderate Party, the Christian Democrats and the Liberal Party.

Government of Sweden January 2022 (from 15 September = caretaker government)

Prime Minister's Office	Magdalena Andersson, Prime Minister Hans Dahlgren, Minister for EU Affairs
Ministry of Employment	Eva Nordmark, Minister for Employment and Gender Equality
Johan Danielsson,	Minister for Housing and Deputy Minister for Employment
Ministry of Finance	Mikael Damberg, Minister for Finance Max Elger, Minister for Financial Markets Ida Karkiainen, Minister for Public Administration
Ministry of Defence	Peter Hultqvist, Minister for Defence
Ministry of Infrastructure Khashayar Farmanbar,	Tomas Eneroth, Minister for Infrastructure Minister for Energy and Digital Development
Ministry of Justice	Morgan Johansson, Minister for Justice and Home Affairs
Anders Ygeman,	Minister for Integration and Migration, with responsibility for sport
Ministry of Culture	Jeanette Gustafsdotter, Minister for Culture
Ministry of the Environment	Annika Strandhäll, Minister for Climate and the Environment
Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation	Karl-Petter Thorwaldsson, Minister for Business, Industry and Innovation Anna-Caren Sätherberg, Minister for Rural Affairs
Ministry of Health and Social Affairs	Lena Hallengren, Minister for Health and Social Affairs
Ardalan Shekarabi,	Minister for Social Security
Ministry of Education and Research	Anna Ekström, Minister for Education Lina Axelsson Kihlbom, Minister for Schools
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	Ann Linde, Minister for Foreign Affairs Matilda Ernkrans, Minister for International Development Cooperation Anna Hallberg, Minister for Foreign Trade and Nordic Affairs

Government of Sweden (as of 18 October 2022)

Prime Minister's Office	Ulf Kristersson, Prime Minister Jessika Roswall, Minister for EU Affairs
Ministry of Employment	Johan Pehrson, Minister for Employment and Integration Paulina Brandberg, Minister for Gender Equality and Working Life
Ministry of Finance	Elisabeth Svantesson, Minister for Finance Erik Slottner, Minister for Public Administration Niklas Wykman, Minister for Financial Markets
Ministry of Defence	Pål Jonson, Minister for Defence Carl-Oskar Bohlin, Minister for Civil Defence
Ministry of Infrastructure	Peter Kullgren, Minister for Rural Affairs Andreas Carlson, Minister for Infrastructure and Housing
Ministry of Justice	Gunnar Strömmér, Minister for Justice Maria Malmer Stenergard, Minister for Migration
Ministry of Culture	Parisa Liljestrand, Minister for Culture
Ministry of the Environment	Romina Pourmokhtari, Minister for Climate and the Environment
Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation	Ebba Busch, Minister for Energy, Business and Industry
Ministry of Health and Social Affairs	Jakob Forssmed, Minister for Social Affairs and Public Health Acko Ankarberg Johansson, Minister for Health Care Anna Tenje, Minister for Older People and Social Security Camilla Waltersson Grönvall, Minister for Social Services
Ministry of Education and Research	Mats Persson, Minister for Education Lotta Edholm, Minister for Schools
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	Tobias Billström, Minister for Foreign Affairs Johan Forssell, Minister for International Development Cooperation and Foreign Trade

Contents

1. The legislative process
2. The budget process and agency governance
3. Government business
4. Work at EU and international level
5. External communication
6. Special projects and programmes 2022
7. Internal support

Abbreviations and explanations

SB	Prime Minister's Office
A	Ministry of Employment
Fi	Ministry of Finance
Fö	Ministry of Defence
I	Ministry of Infrastructure
Ju	Ministry of Justice
Ku	Ministry of Culture
M	Ministry of the Environment
N	Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation
S	Ministry of Health and Social Affairs
U	Ministry of Education and Research
UD	Ministry for Foreign Affairs
FA	Office for Administrative Affairs

A dash (-) means that the ministry has no activity in the area in question or that no activities were undertaken in that particular year.

If the row is empty, the ministry did not exist in the year in question

Introduction

Changes around the world mean ever increasing complexity and demands for faster processing times at the Government Offices. Policy matters are sometimes transferred between ministries, and ministries can be reorganised. A review of the Government Offices' duties can also result in certain decisions and administrative business being transferred to other government agencies. Caution is therefore required when making comparisons over time and between ministries.

One example is the reorganisation that took place in February 2022 following the change of government in November 2021. One result of the reorganisation was that the Crisis Management Coordination Secretariat was moved from the Ministry of Justice to the Prime Minister's Office. Also, a number of policy matters were transferred between ministries in February 2022, which affects the statistics in the appendix.

The Government Offices continuously reviews the internal division of duties between ministries and the Office for Administrative Affairs to ensure effective and uniform operational support to the Government. Since 1 January 2021, a joint Human Resources Division has supported the Government and the whole of the Government Offices on human resources issues. The new organisation provides all ministries with support and access to the Government Offices' collective human resources expertise. The Human Resources Division is part of the Office for Administrative Affairs. Since 2020, a joint Communications Division has also been located at the Office for Administrative Affairs. The Ministry for Foreign Affairs' communications and human resources activities are not part of this organisation.

1. The legislative process

The Riksdag passes new legislation and legislative amendments. Most legislative proposals are initiated by the Government. Before the Government presents a legislative proposal, an inquiry or a committee is often appointed with a remit to study a specific issue by gathering facts, analysing them and presenting proposals. The inquiry or committee receives instructions through terms of reference. In the course of the inquiry, it can prove necessary to extend or modify the remit. In that case, the Government can decide on supplementary terms of reference. These supplement the original terms of reference and generally also extend the duration of the inquiry. An inquiry or committee is usually appointed for a limited period of time.

A committee consists of a chair and one or more members. The committee can be assisted by advisers and experts. A committee with members from parties represented in the Riksdag is called a cross-party committee of inquiry. Inquiries can also be assigned to a single individual, an inquiry chair. An inquiry chair can also be assisted by advisers and experts, etc.

When the committee or the inquiry chair has completed its work, a final report containing proposals is presented to the Government. These reports are published regularly in the Swedish Government Official Reports series (SOU). Legislative proposals may also be studied and drawn up within the Government Offices. Such proposals are normally reported in ministry memorandums published regularly in the Ministry Publications Series (Ds).

Before the Government adopts a position, the document is circulated for comment to the relevant government agencies. Municipalities, interest groups and individuals are also given the opportunity to comment. Once this consultation process is complete, a government bill is drafted specifying the legislation proposed. In addition to the legislative proposal, the government bill includes an explanatory statement, comments on the proposal and a presentation of the views of the referral bodies. The Council on Legislation is often consulted through a proposal being referred to it for consideration before the bill is submitted to the Riksdag.

After being considered by the Riksdag, a government bill containing a legislative proposal leads to a decision by the Riksdag. If the Riksdag adopts the law, it is promulgated by the Government. The Act is then published on the Swedish Code of Statutes (SFS) website www.svenskforfattningssamling.se (in Swedish).

Sometimes, the Government outlines its position on a particular matter without submitting any legislative proposals to the Riksdag. Such reports are called written communications.

Government bills and written communications are published as decisions are taken. Read more about the legislative process on www.government.se

Serving on committees

Ministry	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Prime Minister's Office	-	-	-	-	-
Ministry of Employment	26	21	25	22	21
Ministry of Finance	70	78	57	44	63
Ministry of Defence	5	4	3	6	3
Ministry of Infrastructure		8	15	11	11
Ministry of Justice	32	27	65	60	58
Ministry of Culture	13	17	12	16	19
Ministry of the Environment	32	34	35	34	26
Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation	30	17	12	16	21
Ministry of Health and Social Affairs	57	54	69	78	82
Ministry of Education and Research	53	36	36	30	31
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	13	13	14	14	15
Government Offices	330	309	343	331	349
Proportion women/men	60/40	60/40	63/37	65/35	66/34

Committee terms of reference and supplementary terms of reference

Ministry	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Prime Minister's Office	-	-	-	-	-
Ministry of Employment	7	7	7	10	9
Ministry of Finance	18	20	21	19	27
Ministry of Defence	2	2	3	5	3
Ministry of Infrastructure		8	8	3	5
Ministry of Justice	14	25	31	31	31
Ministry of Culture	7	4	5	5	5
Ministry of the Environment	13	6	13	3	10
Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation	11	4	10	8	14
Ministry of Health and Social Affairs	25	16	28	22	23
Ministry of Education and Research	17	14	16	10	13
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	2	1	1	1	3
Government Offices	116	107	143	117	143



List of committee terms of reference and supplementary terms of reference

The list shows the terms of reference and supplementary terms of reference for 2022. The numbering is linked to the consecutive annual series. The committee's reference number is shown in parentheses if a reference number had been allocated at the time the list was compiled

Ministry of Employment

- 2022:2 Tilläggsdirektiv till en nationell delegation mot arbetslivskriminalitet
(A 2021:04)
- 2022:39 Tilläggsdirektiv till Utredningen om utökade möjligheter att upprätthålla en god arbetsmiljö (A 2021:03)
- 2022:70 Utvärdering och översyn av entreprenörsansvaret (A 2022:01)
- 2022:87 Tilläggsdirektiv till Delegationen mot arbetslivskriminalitet (A 2021:04)
- 2022:88 En översyn av beredskapen i arbetslivet (A 2022:03)
- 2022:100 Skydd, stöd och vård för personer som har utsatts för övergrepp vid produktion eller distribution av pornografi (A 2022:02)
- 2022:115 Exitprogram för personer som är utsatta för prostitution (A 2022:04)
- 2022:140 Genomförande av direktivet om tillräckliga minimilöner (A 2022:05)
Ministry of Finance
- 2022:8 Inrättandet av Utbetalningsmyndigheten (Fi 2022:01)
- 2022:25 Ett effektivt straffrättsligt skydd för statliga stöd till företag (Fi 2022:02)
- 2022:28 Tilläggsdirektiv till utredningen En uppföljning av de nya skattereglerna för företagssektorn (Fi 2021:07)
- 2022:29 Tilläggsdirektiv till Tullbefogenhetsutredningen (Fi 2021:04)
- 2022:36 En ändamålsenlig kommunalekonomisk utjämning (Fi 2022:03)
- 2022:38 Tilläggsdirektiv till Utredningen om statistik över hushållens tillgångar och skulder (Fi 2021:02)
- 2022:43 Förstärkt byggkontroll för att förhindra allvarliga personsakador (Fi 2022:06)
- 2022:44 Förenklade regler för utdelning och kapitalvinst på andelar i fåmansföretag (Fi 2022:04)
- 2022:45 En effektiv beskattningsnivå för fysiska personer med orealiseringar och kapitalvinster som upparbetats i Sverige flyttar ut (Fi 2022:05)
- 2022:48 En ny förköpsläge (Fi 2022:07)
- 2022:50 Effektiv och tillförlitlig kontroll av leverantörer vid tilldelning av offentliga kontrakt (Fi 2022:08)
- 2022:53 Översyn av vissa skatteregler för byggnadstillbehör i industriell verksamhet (Fi 2022:09)
- 2022:54 Åtgärder för att förhindra mervärdesskattebedrägerier (Fi 2022:11)
- 2022:56 Motverka social dumpning (Fi 2022:17)
- 2022:57 Ökad kunskap om kommuners och regioners kostnader för valfrihetssystem (Fi 2022:15)
- 2022:59 Mer ändamålsenliga regler för kontoföring av finansiella instrument och avveckling (Fi 2022:10)
- 2022:67 Ekonomiska styrmedel för att främja omställningen till en cirkulär ekonomi (Fi 2022:14)
- 2022:68 En översyn av vissa skatteförfaranderegler för att motverka fusk och arbetslivskriminalitet (Fi 2022:16)
- 2022:71 Övergångsrestriktioner för att stärka förtroendet för offentlig verksamhet (Fi 2022:12)

- 2022:76 EU:s lagstiftningspaket om åtgärder mot penningtvätt och finansiering av terrorism (Fi 2022:13)
- 2022:89 En ändamålsenlig statlig samverkan med kommuner och regioner (Fi 2022:18)
- 2022:107 En effektivare samordning av administrativa tjänster genom Statens servicecenter (Fi 2022:19)
- 2022:116 Bättre verktyg för att minska och motverka segregation (Fi 2022:20)
- 2022:117 Ordning och reda på hyresbostadsmarknaden (Fi 2022:42)
- 2022:130 Tilläggsdirektiv till utredningen om Försöksverksamhet i kommuner och regioner (Fi 2021:09)
- 2022:131 Tilläggsdirektiv till Betalningsutredningen (Fi 2020:12)
- 2022:137 Tilläggsdirektiv till Utredningen om inrättande av Utbetalningsmyndigheten (Fi 2022:01)

Ministry of Defence

- 2022:119 Inrättande av Myndigheten för totalförsvarsanalys (Fö 2022:01)
- 2022:120 Översyn av signalspaningslagen (Fö 2022:02)
- 2022:121 Kontroll vid överlåtelse och upplåtelse av egendom av väsentlig betydelse för totalförsvaret (Fö 2022:03)

Ministry of Infrastructure

- 2022:20 Översyn av regleringen på el- och naturgasområdena (I 2022:01)
- 2022:49 Kompletterande bestämmelser till EU:s förordning om en inre marknad för digitala tjänster (I 2022:02)
- 2022:118 Utvecklad reglering och styrning av interoperabilitet vid datadelning inom den offentliga förvaltningen och från den offentliga förvaltningen till externa aktörer (I 2022:03)
- 2022:133 Tilläggsdirektiv till Utredningen om kompletterande bestämmelser till EU:s förordning om en inre marknad för digitala tjänster (I 2022:02)
- 2022:142 Säker och tillgänglig digital identitet (I 2022:04)

Ministry of Justice

- 2022:1 Tilläggsdirektiv till Flerbrotsutredningen (Ju 2021:08)
- 2022:7 Barns skydd mot sexuella kränkningar samt vissa frågor om brott mot kvinnor och äldre (Ju 2022:01)
- 2022:13 Tilläggsdirektiv till Utredningen om utökade möjligheter att använda hemliga tvångsmedel (Ju 2020:20)
- 2022:14 Tilläggsdirektiv till Utredningen om hantering och köp av vissa krediter (Ju 2021:07)
- 2022:16 Tilläggsdirektiv till utredningen Ett ordnat initialt mottagande av asylsökande (Ju 2021:12)
- 2022:19 Tilläggsdirektiv till Biometriutredningen (Ju 2021:05)
- 2022:31 Åtgärder för att minska offentliganställdas utsatthet (Ju 2022:02)
- 2022:32 Tilläggsdirektiv till Utredningen om preventiva tvångsmedel (Ju 2021:15)
- 2022:34 Tilläggsdirektiv till Utredningen om skattetransparens och några redovisningsfrågor (Ju 2021:06)
- 2022:37 Förbättrade möjligheter att utbyta information med brottsbekämpande myndigheter (Ju 2022:03)
- 2022:40 Genomförande av ändringarna i EU:s vapendirektiv och en översyn av vapenlagstiftningen (Ju 2022:04)

- 2022:42 Förbättrad arbetsmarknadsetablering för utrikes födda kvinnor
(Ju 2022:05)
- 2022:52 Tilläggsdirektivet till Utredningen om hantering och köp av vissa krediter
(Ju 2021:07)
- 2022:55 Tilläggsdirektiv till Kommittén om kriminalisering av förnekande av Förintelsen och av vissa andra brott (Ju 2021:14)
- 2022:66 Tilläggsdirektiv till Trygghetsberedningen (Ju 2020:09)
- 2022:79 Språk- och samhällskunskapskrav för permanent uppehållstillstånd
(Ju 2022:06)
- 2022:82 Utvärdering av hemlig dataavläsning (Ju 2022:07)
- 2022:90 En behovsprövad arbetskraftsinvandring (Ju 2022:11)
- 2022:91 Åtgärder för att stärka återvändandeverksamheten (Ju 2022:12)
- 2022:93 Skärpta kontroller vid fastighetsförvärv (Ju 2022:08)
- 2022:94 Ett säkrare och mer tillgängligt fastighetsregister (Ju 2022:09)
- 2022:95 Ett förstärkt samhällsskydd och en minskad risk för återfall i brott
(Ju 2022:10)
- 2022:104 Tilläggsdirektiv till Utredningen om preventiva tvångsmedel (Ju 2021:15)
- 2022:105 Uppsägning av hyresgäster som begått brott (Ju 2022:13)
- 2022:112 Åtgärder mot otillåten påverkan och korruption (Ju 2022:15)
- 2022:113 Tilläggsdirektiv till Utredningen om åtgärder mot kontroller av flickors och kvinnors sexualitet (Ju 2021:16)
- 2022:114 En översyn av kontaktförbudslagstiftningen (Ju 2022:14)
- 2022:125 En översyn av vissa frågor om upphovsrätt (Ju 2022:16)
- 2022:134 Tilläggsdirektiv till Utredningen om hållbarhetsredovisning (Ju 2021:06)
- 2022:136 Tilläggsdirektiv till Utredningen om åtgärder mot kontroller av flickors och kvinnors sexualitet (Ju 2021:16)
- 2022:141 Anonyma vittnen (Ju 2022:17)

Ministry of Culture

- 2022:21 Tilläggsdirektiv till Kreativa Sverige (Ku 2021:03)
- 2022:78 Nationell strategi för att stärka judiskt liv i Sverige (Ku 2022:01)
- 2022:81 Ingripande mot satellitsändningar med hänsyn till Sveriges säkerhet (Ku 2022:02)
- 2022:96 En utvecklad öppen fritidsverksamhet för ungdomar (Ku 2022:03)
- 2022:103 Översyn av kultursamverkansmodellen för kultur i hela landet (Ku 2022:04)

Ministry of the Environment

- 2022:6 Tilläggsdirektiv till Miljömålsberedningen (M 2010:04)
- 2022:18 Ändamålsenliga undantag från strandskyddet för de areella näringarna (M 2022:01)
- 2022:26 Regeringens roll som prövningsmyndighet i en modern och effektiv miljöprövning (M 2022:02)
- 2022:27 Stärkta incitament för utbyggd vindkraft (M 2022:03)
- 2022:69 En skärpt miljöstraffrätt och en stärkt miljöbrottsbekämpning (M 2022:04)
- 2022:126 Tilläggsdirektiv till Miljömålsberedningen (M 2010:04)
- 2022:127 Ökad beredskap för att säkerställa en robust och kontinuerlig leverans av vattentjänster (M 2022:05)
- 2022:129 Tilläggsdirektiv till Initiativet Fossilfritt Sverige (M 2016:05)
- 2022:135 Tilläggsdirektiv till utredningen Stärkta incitament för utbyggd vindkraft (M 2022:03)

- 2022:138 Tilläggsdirektiv till Ändamålsenliga undantag från strandskyddet för de areella näringarna (M 2022:01)

Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation

- 2022:15 Tilläggsdirektiv till Utredningen om en effektivisering och utveckling av Sveriges arbete för ansvarsfull och minskad antibiotikaanvändning i djurhållningen globalt (N 2021:03)
- 2022:22 Reglering av fisket för att skydda marina skyddade områden (N 2022:01)
- 2022:33 En ny livsmedelsberedskap (N 2022:02)
- 2022:47 Stärkt djurskydd på slakterier genom kamerabevakning (N 2022:03)
- 2022:51 Förordnande i utredningen om ett statligt ägt fastighetsbolag för ett starkare och tryggare Sverige (N 2022:04)
- 2022:58 Tilläggsdirektiv till Renmarksområdet (N 2021:02)
- 2022:61 Tilläggsdirektiv till Utredningen om en hållbar försörjning av innovationskritiska metaller och mineral (N 2021:01)
- 2022:72 Ökad försörjningsberedskap för varor och tjänster från industrin (N 2022:08)
- 2022:77 En nationell bioekonomistrategi – ett verktyg för den gröna industriella omställningen (N 2022:07)
- 2022:80 Tilläggsdirektiv till kommittédirektivet En hållbar och långsiktigt välfungerande hälso- och sjukvård för djur (N 2021:04)
- 2022:92 En moderniserad fiskelag och förbättrade förutsättningar att bedriva vattenbruk (N 2022:06)
- 2022:99 Stärkt offentlig kontroll för att upptäcka och motverka fusk i den jordbruksbaserade livsmedelskedjan (N 2022:05)
- 2022:128 Tilläggsdirektiv till Utredningen om reglering av fiske i marina skyddade områden (N 2022:01)
- 2022:139 Tilläggsdirektiv till Utredningen om ökad försörjningsberedskap för varor och tjänster från industrin (N 2022:08)

Ministry of Health and Social Affairs

- 2022:3 Tilläggsdirektiv till utredningen om en översyn av socialförsäkringskyddet för gravida – ett modernare regelverk (S 2021:10)
- 2022:17 Tilläggsdirektiv till En uppväxt fri från våld (A 2021:02)
- 2022:23 Översyn av karens och sjuklön (S 2022:02)
- 2022:24 En svensk narkotikapolitik anpassad till nutidens och framtidens utmaningar (S 2022:01)
- 2022:30 Tilläggsdirektiv till utredningen om en översyn av regelverket för sjukpenninggrundande inkomst för ökad trygghet och förutsebarhet (S 2021:07)
- 2022:35 Barns möjligheter att klaga och utkräva sina rättigheter enligt barnkonventionen (S 2022:03)
- 2022:41 Hälsodata som nationell resurs för framtidens hälso- och sjukvård (S 2022:10)
- 2022:46 Tilläggsdirektiv till Läkemedelsstatistikutredningen (S 2021:01)
- 2022:62 En mer ändamålsenlig beräkning av sjukersättning och aktivitetsersättning (S 2022:08)
- 2022:63 Utredning om läkarintygets betydelse i sjukpenningärenden (S 2022:06)
- 2022:64 Utvärdering av förändringarna i sjukförsäkringens regelverk (S 2022:07)
- 2022:65 Effektivare tillsyn över socialtjänsten (S 2022:05)
- 2022:83 Tilläggsdirektiv till Utredningen om e-recept och patientöversikter inom EES (S 2020:10)

- 2022:97 Översyn av subventionering av speciallivsmedel till barn och Hälodata som nationellt intresse (S 2022:09)
- 2022:98 Hälodata som nationellt intresse – en lagstiftning för interoperabilitet (S 2022:10)
- 2022:106 Ungdomskriminalitetsnämnder – en ny ordning för att förebygga brottslighet (S 2022:11)
- 2022:108 Ökad kontroll över tandvårdssektorn och stärkt stöd till våldsutsatta genom ersättning för tandvård vid tandskador (S 2022:12)
- 2022:109 En mer ändamålsenlig ordning för de nationella vaccinationsprogrammen och det nationella vaccinationsregistret (S 2022:13)
- 2022:110 Tilläggsdirektiv till Utredningen om författningsberedskap inför framtida pandemier (S 2021:04)
- 2022:111 En trygg uppväxt utan alkohol, tobak och nikotinprodukter (S 2022:14)
- 2022:122 Utvärdering av genomförande av vaccinering mot sjukdomen covid-19 (S 2022:14)
- 2022:123 Ett enklare och mer ändamålsenligt bilstöd (S 2022:15)
- 2022:124 Öka drivkrafter och möjligheter till arbete i försörjningsstödet och bryta långvarigt biståndsmottagande (S 2022:16)
- 2022:143 Tilläggsdirektiv till Utredningen om e-recept och patientöversikter inom EES (S 2020:10)

Ministry of Education and Research

- 2022:4 Tilläggsdirektiv till utredningen Fler unga ska nå målen med sin gymnasieutbildning (U 2021:01)
- 2022:10 Tilläggsdirektiv till Skolinformationsutredningen (U 2021:04)
- 2022:11 Tilläggsdirektiv till Utredningen om ett statligt huvudmannaskap för skolan (U 2020:07)
- 2022:12 Tilläggsdirektiv till Utredningen om utbildning till sjuksköterska och barnmorska (U 2021:02)
- 2022:73 Mer kunskap om barn och elever med funktionsnedsättning i skolväsendet (U 2022:02)
- 2022:74 Fler vägar till arbetslivet (U 2022:03)
- 2022:75 Styrning och uppföljning av folkbildningen – vägval inför framtiden (U 2022:01)
- 2022:84 Långsiktig och behovsanpassad yrkesutbildning för vuxna (U 2022:05)
- 2022:85 En effektiv organisation för statlig forskningsfinansiering (U 2022:06)
- 2022:86 Säkerheten i skolan ska förbättras (U 2022:04) 2022:101 Samordnat arbete för fler platser för verksamhetsförlagd utbildning i sjuksköterskeutbildningen (U 2022:07)
- 2022:102 En skola utan vinstintresse (U 2022:08)
- 2022:132 Tilläggsdirektiv till Utredningen om utökad rätt till fritidshem (U 2021:05)

Ministry for Foreign Affairs

- 2022:5 Tilläggsdirektiv till Granskningsskommisionen avseende två konsulära ärenden (UD 2021:01)
- 2022:9 En mer rättssäker, enhetlig och effektiv verksamhet vad gäller legaliseringar, andra former av intyganden och apostille (UD 2022:01)
- 2022:60 Utvärdering av Sveriges engagemang i Afghanistan under åren 2001–2021 (UD 2022:02)

The terms of reference can be read (in Swedish) in the Government Offices' legal databases via www.regeringen.se

Swedish Government Official Reports and Ministry Publications Series

The tables below show the number of publications in the Swedish Government Official Reports series (SOU) and the Ministry Publications Series (Ds) by year.

Number of SOUs

Ministry	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Prime Minister's Office	-	-	-	-	-
Ministry of Employment	6	4	7	2	4
Ministry of Finance	18	22	19	10	14
Ministry of Defence	4	2	2	3	2
Ministry of Infrastructure		2	4	7	-
Ministry of Justice	17	7	10	33	15
Ministry of Culture	4	4	3	4	4
Ministry of the Environment	6	6	9	7	5
Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation	8	3	6	5	6
Ministry of Health and Social Affairs	13	11	14	22	15
Ministry of Education and Research	14	7	8	10	5
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	2	1	1	1	2
Government Offices	92	69	83	104	72

Number of Ds

Ministry	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Prime Minister's Office	-	-	-	-	-
Ministry of Employment	2	5	1	5	2
Ministry of Finance	2	1	5	4	4
Ministry of Defence	1	1	-	-	-
Ministry of Infrastructure		-	1	2	1
Ministry of Justice	16	15	13	14	7
Ministry of Culture	2	2	-	2	3
Ministry of the Environment	1	1	1	-	1
Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation	4	3	3	1	-
Ministry of Health and Social Affairs	11	3	6	2	6
Ministry of Education and Research	-	-	-	2	1
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	2	2	-	3	3
Government Offices	41	33	30	35	28

List of SOUs and Ds

The list shows inquiries published as SOUs and Ds. The numbering in parentheses is linked to the consecutive annual series

SOU

Ministry of Employment

Minska gapet. Åtgärder för minskade livsinkomster. [4]
Arbetslivskriminalitet – en definition, en inledande bedömning av omfattningen, lärdomar från Norge. [36]
Steg framåt, med arbetsmiljön i fokus. [45]
De regionala skyddsombudens roll i arbetsmiljöarbetet. Värde av förebyggande arbete och allas rätt till en god arbetsmiljö. [47]

Ministry of Finance

Rätt och rimligt för statligt anställda. [8]
Avfallsbeskattnings – En fråga om undantag? [9]
Startlån till förstagångsköpare av bostad. [12]
Godstransporter på väg – vissa frågeställningar kring ett nytt miljöstyrande system. [13]
Sänk tröskeln till en god bostad. [14]
Nya krav på betaltjänstleverantörer att lämna uppgifter. [25]
Korttidsarbete under pandemin – en utvärdering av stödets betydelse. [30]
Ett register för alla bostadsrätter. [39]
Skydd för konsumenters kollektiva intressen – genomförande av EU:s grupptalandirektiv. [42]
Tullverkets rättsliga befogenheter i en ny tid. [48]
En ny statistik över hushållens tillgångar och skulder. [51]
Försöksverksamhet utan författningsändring i den kommunala sektorn. [59]
En ny lag om stöd vid korttidsarbete – ett mer förutsägbart, förenklat och starkt regelverk. [65]
Kommuner och regioners kostnader för valfrihetssystem – ett kunskapsunderlag. [69]

Ministry of Defence

Ett förstärkt lagstöd för utlämnande av sekretessskyddade uppgifter till utlandet. [16]
Materielförsörningsstrategi. För vår gemensamma säkerhet. [24]

Ministry of Justice

Förbättrade åtgärder när barn misstänks för brott. [1]
En skärpt syn på brott mot journalister och utövare av vissa samhällsnyttiga funktioner. [2]
EU:s förordning om terrorisminnehåll på internet – kompletteringar och ändringar i svensk rätt. [18]
Utökade möjligheter att använda hemliga tvångsmedel. [19]
Privatkopieringsersättningen i framtiden. [20]
En oavvislig ersättningsrätt? [23]
Inkomstskatterapporter och några redovisningsfrågor. [29]
Alla tiders föräldraskap – ett starkt skydd för barns familjeliv. Del 1 och 2. [38]
Bättre möjligheter att verkställa frihetsberövanden. [50]
Utökade möjligheter att använda preventiva tvångsmedel. [52]

Ett starkt skydd för civilbefolkningen vid höjd beredskap. [57]
EU:s vapendirektiv – genomförande av 2017 års ändringsdirektiv på miniminivå. [62]
En ny ordning för asylsökandes boende. [64]
Vägar till ett tryggare samhälle. Kraftsamling för barn och unga. [67]
Tryggare hem för barn. [71]

Ministry of Culture

Innehållsvillkor för public service på internet – och ordningen för beslut vid förhandsprövning. [5]
Vår demokrati – värd att värna varje dag. Volym 1 och Volym 2, Antologin 100 år till. [28] Ko ihmisorvoa mitathiin. Tornionlaaksolaisitten, kväänen ja lantalaisten eksklyteerinki ja assimileerinki. Då männskovedet möttes. Exkludering och assimilering av tornedalingar, kväner och lantalaiset. [32]
Kreativa Sverige! Nationell strategi för främjande av hållbar utveckling i kulturella och kreativa branscher. [44]

Ministry of the Environment

Kunskapsläget på kärnavfallsområdet 2022. Samhället, tekniken och etiken. [7]
Sveriges globala klimatavtryck. [15]
Rätt för klimatet. [21]
Om prövning och omprövning – en del av den gröna omställningen. [33]
Ändrade regler för vattenskotrar. [49]

Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation

Friska djur behöver inte antibiotika – bättre verkan genom internationell påverkan. [43]
En tryggad försörjning av metaller och mineral. [56]
Bättre förutsättningar inom djurens hälso- och sjukvård. [58]
Teknikutveckling och förvaltning – en antologi. [63]
Åtgärder på fiskeområdet för att skydda Natura 2000-områden i havet. [66]
Förnya taktiken i takt med tekniken – förslag för en ansvarsfull, innovativ och samverkande förvaltning. [68]

Ministry of Health and Social Affairs

Sveriges tillgång till vaccin mot covid-19 – framgång genom samarbete och helgardering. [3]
Hälso- och sjukvårdens beredskap – struktur för ökad förmåga. Del 1 och 2. [6]
Sverige under pandemin. Volym 1 Samhällets, företagens och enskildas ekonomi. Volym 2 Förutsättningar, vägval och utvärdering. [10]
Handlingsplan för en långsiktig utveckling av tolktjänsten för döva, hörselskadade och personer med dövblindhet. [11]
Vägen till ökad tillgänglighet – delaktighet, tidiga insatser och inom lagens ram. [22]
Extraordinära smittskyddsåtgärder – en bedömning. [26]
Begränsningar i möjligheterna för vissa aktörer att få tillstånd att bedriva öppenvårdsapotek. [27]
Rätt och lätt – ett förbättrat regelverk för VAB. [31]
Stärkt arbete med att bekämpa bidragsbrott. Administrativt sanktionssystem och effektivare hantering av misstänkta brott. [37]
God tvångsvård – trygghet, säkerhet och rättssäkerhet i psykiatrisk tvångsvård och rättspsykiatrisk vård. [40]
Nästa steg. Ökad kvalitet och jämlighet i vård och omsorg för äldre personer. [41]

Naloxon kan rädda liv – bedömningar av nuläget och nästa steg. [54]
Sveriges tillgång till vaccin mot covid-19 – så bör det säkras framöver. [60]
En uppväxt fri från våld. En nationell strategi för att förebygga och bekämpa våld mot barn. Volym 1 och 2. [70]
Tillgång till försäljningsuppgifter om humanläkemedel. [72]

Ministry of Education and Research

En modell för att mäta och belöna progression inom sf. [17]
I mål – vägar vidare för att fler unga ska nå målen med sin gymnasieutbildning. [34]
Tryggare i vårdyrket – en översyn av vissa frågor inom utbildning till sjuksköterska och barnmorska. [35]
Statens ansvar för skolan – ett besluts- och kunskapsunderlag. Volym 1 och 2. [53]
Allmänt fritidshem och fler elevers tillgång till utveckling, lärande och en meningsfull fritid. [61]
Ministry for Foreign Affairs
Co-Creation for Innovation. [46]
Granskning av arbetet med att försöka uppnå frigivning av Dawit Isaak och Gui Minhai. [55]

Ds

Ministry of Employment

Ett flexiblare karensvillkor i arbetslöshtsförsäkringen. [10]
En fortsatt stärkt arbetslöshtsförsäkring. [28]

Ministry of Finance

En effektivare upphandlingstillstillsyn. [5]
Utökat informationsutbyte. [13]
Bättre konsekvensutredningar. [22]
En hjälpende hand – ökade möjligheter till in- och utlån av personal mellan myndigheter. [26]

Ministry of Infrastructure

Arlanda flygplats – en plan för framtiden. [11]
Ministry of Justice
Viktigt meddelande till allmänheten – en översyn av VMA-systemet. [1]
Straff för deltagande i en terroristorganisation. [6]
Straffansvar för psykiskt våld. [18]
Anpassningar av svensk rätt till EU:s förordningar om interoperabilitet. [21]
EU:s nya tågpassagerarförordning. [23]
Trygghet för EU-åklagare i Sverige. [25]
Nya trafikförsäkringsregler – stärkt skydd för försäkringstagare och andra som skadas i trafiken. [27]

Ministry of Culture

Ett hållbart mediestöd för hela landet. [14]

Inordnande av Statens medieråd i Myndigheten för press, radio och tv. [17]

Återkallelse av sändningstillstånd med hänsyn till Sveriges säkerhet. [20]

Ministry of the Environment

Sweden's Ninth National Report under the Convention on Nuclear Safety. Sweden's Implementation of the Obligations of the Convention. [19]

Ministry of Health and Social Affairs

Garantitillägg i bostadstillägget. [3]

Ökade möjligheter till användning av välfärdsteknik inom äldreomsorgen. [4]

Ett utvidgat utreseförbud för barn. [9]

Vistelseförbud för barn. [12]

Regler om privata sjukvårdsförsäkringar inom den offentligt finansierade hälso- och sjukvården. [15]

Ledarhundar. [16]

Ministry of Education and Research

Fler veckor med omställningsstudiestöd – för stärkt konkurrenskraft, säkrad kompetensförsörjning och livslångt lärande. [29]

Ministry for Foreign Affairs

Ett försämrat säkerhetspolitiskt läge – konsekvenser för Sverige. [7]

Deterioration of the security environment – implications for Sweden. [8]

Sveriges medlemskap i Nato. [24]

All SOUs and Ds are available on www.regeringen.se.

Government bills and written communications

The table shows the number of government bills and written communications submitted to the Riksdag by year.

Number of government bills and written communications

Ministry	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Prime Minister's Office	3	3	3	3	3
Ministry of Employment	10	8	7	7	7
Ministry of Finance	66	63	71	78	82
Ministry of Defence	5	3	4	4	3
Ministry of Infrastructure		9	13	22	17
Ministry of Justice	57	42	51	42	57
Ministry of Culture	9	4	4	6	6
Ministry of the Environment	21	7	7	2	9
Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation	25	10	10	16	10
Ministry of Health and Social Affairs	36	22	21	25	28
Ministry of Education and Research	17	12	9	13	15
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	15	16	10	10	14
Government Offices	264	199	210	228	251

List of government bills and written communications

The list shows the government bills and written communications submitted by the Government to the Riksdag, which have a joint series of serial numbers.

Prime Minister's Office

-
- | | |
|------------------|---|
| Skr. 2021/22:75 | Riksdagens skrivelser till regeringen – åtgärder under 2021 |
| Skr. 2021/22:103 | Kommittéberättelse – kommittéernas verksamhet under 2021 |
| Skr. 2021/22:115 | Verksamheten i Europeiska unionen under 2021 |

Ministry of Employment

-
- | | |
|-------------------|--|
| Prop. 2021/22:151 | Genomförande av arbetsvillkorsdirektivet |
| Prop. 2021/22:164 | En skyldighet att lämna uppgifter till Institutet för mänskliga rättigheter |
| Prop. 2021/22:175 | Genomförande av balansdirektivet |
| Prop. 2021/22:176 | Flexibilitet, omställningsförmåga och trygghet på arbetsmarknaden |
| Prop. 2021/22:216 | Förbättrade förutsättningar för den arbetsmarknadspolitiska verksamheten |
| Skr. 2021/22:267 | Fördjupad uppföljning av arbetet med att förebygga och bekämpa mäns våld mot kvinnor |
| Skr. 2021/22:285 | Riksrevisionens rapport om den statliga lönegarantin |

Ministry of Finance

-
- | | |
|-------------------|--|
| Prop. 2021/22:71 | Tillfällig utvidgning av statligt stöd genom nedsatt energiskatt |
| Prop. 2021/22:84 | Sänkt energiskatt på bensin och diesel |
| Prop. 2021/22:86 | Extra ändringsbudget för 2022 – Ersättningar på sjukförsäkringsområdet, stöd till företag, medel för testning och smittspårning samt andra åtgärder med anledning av coronaviruset |
| Prop. 2021/22:88 | Nya kapitaltäckningsregler för mycket stora värdepappersbolag |
| Prop. 2021/22:89 | Extra ändringsbudget för 2022 – Fler åtgärder på skatteområdet med anledning av coronaviruset |
| Prop. 2021/22:91 | Skärpt miljöstyrning i bonus-malus-systemet |
| Prop. 2021/22:92 | Ändrade regler för att möjliggöra utlämning av uppgifter för inkomststudier |
| Prop. 2021/22:93 | Begränsning av avdragsrädden för underskott från tidigare år |
| Prop. 2021/22:95 | Ett bättre underlag för åtgärder på bostadsmarknaden |
| Prop. 2021/22:96 | Ytterligare sänkt mervärdesskatt på vissa reparationer |
| Prop. 2021/22:97 | Förstärkt nedsättning av arbetsgivaravgifter för 19–23-åringar under sommaren 2022 |
| Prop. 2021/22:99 | Vårändringsbudget för 2022 |
| Prop. 2021/22:100 | 2022 års ekonomiska vårproposition |
| Prop. 2021/22:102 | Gränsöverskridande distribution av fonder |
| Prop. 2021/22:110 | Höjd omsättningsgräns för befrilelse från mervärdesskatt |
| Prop. 2021/22:113 | Extra ändringsbudget för 2022 – Slopad karenstid för stöd vid korttidsarbete, förstärkt evenemangsstöd och andra åtgärder med anledning av coronaviruset samt kompenstation till hushållen för höga elpriser |
| Prop. 2021/22:120 | En effektivare överprövning av offentliga upphandlingar |
| Prop. 2021/22:125 | Val och beslut i kommuner och regioner |
| Prop. 2021/22:126 | Skattereduktion för avgift till arbetslöshteskassa |
| Prop. 2021/22:135 | Idéburen välfärd |
| Prop. 2021/22:146 | Ett nytt mål för Sjätte AP-fondens placeringsverksamhet |
| Prop. 2021/22:149 | En effektivisering av byggnadsnämndens tillsyn |
| Prop. 2021/22:152 | Extra ändringsbudget för 2022 – Garanti till Internationella återuppbyggnads- och utvecklingsbanken för lån till Ukraina |
| Prop. 2021/22:154 | Innebördens av begreppet helt försäkringsbestånd |
| Prop. 2021/22:165 | Ändrade transparensregler inom energibeskattningen |
| Prop. 2021/22:169 | Kompletterande bestämmelser till EU:s förordning om återhämtning och resolution av centrala motparter |
| Prop. 2021/22:173 | Ändrad nedsättning av förmånsvärdet för miljöanpassade bilar |

Prop. 2021/22:174	Ett moderniserat konsumentskydd
Prop. 2021/22:184	Regional fysisk planering i Hallands län
Prop. 2021/22:199	Extra ändringsbudget för 2022 – Åtgärder för att stärka rikets militära försvar och kompensation till hushållen för höga elpriser
Prop. 2021/22:202	Betaltjänster – några förtydliganden
Prop. 2021/22:211	Insatser på plan- och byggområdet med anledning av invasionen av Ukraina
Prop. 2021/22:212	Certifierade byggprojekteringsföretag – en mer förutsägbar byggprocess
Prop. 2021/22:217	Stärkt kontroll och kvalitet i folkbokföringen
Prop. 2021/22:221	Extra ändringsbudget för 2022 – Tillfälligt sänkt skatt på bensin och diesel samt hantering av överskott av vaccindoser
Prop. 2021/22:226	Aktivitetskravet i plan- och bygglagen
Prop. 2021/22:228	Skattelätnad för arbetsresor – ett enklare och färdmedelsneutralt regelverk
Prop. 2021/22:240	BNP-indexering av skatterna på kemikalier i viss elektronik och avfallsförbränning
Prop. 2021/22:242	En förstärkt spelreglering
Prop. 2021/22:245	Höjd skatt på alkohol och tobak
Prop. 2021/22:251	Samverkan mot penningvätt och finansiering av terrorism
Prop. 2021/22:252	Extra ändringsbudget för 2022 – Stöd till jordbruks- och fiskerinäringen samt kompensation för höga energipriser
Prop. 2021/22:253	Extra ändringsbudget för 2022 – Retroaktivt sänkt skatt på diesel inom jord-, skogs- och vattenbruk
Prop. 2021/22:255	Extra ändringsbudget för 2022 – Stöd till Ukraina
Prop. 2021/22:256	Leveranser av fartygsbränsle till havs i vissa fall
Prop. 2021/22:258	Extra ändringsbudget för 2022 – Åtgärder i samband med rekapitalisering av SAS AB
Prop. 2021/22:269	Extra ändringsbudget för 2022 – Vårändringsbudget för 2022 och stöd till Ukraina
Prop. 2021/22:270	Extra ändringsbudget för 2022 – Retroaktivt sänkt skatt på diesel inom jord-, skogs- och vattenbruk
Prop. 2021/22:276	Stärkt system för samordningsnummer
Prop. 2021/22:280	Förvalsalternativet inom premiepensionen
Prop. 2022/23:1	Budgetpropositionen för 2023
Prop. 2022/23:2	Höstdandringsbudget för 2022
Prop. 2022/23:6	Rapportering och utbyte av upplysningar om inkomster genom digitala plattformar och vissa andra ändringar i EU:s direktiv om administrativt samarbete på direktskatteområdet
Prop. 2022/23:7	En paneuropeisk privat pensionsprodukt
Prop. 2022/23:8	Fondfaktablad och tidsfrist vid delning av en fond
Prop. 2022/23:9	Stark kundautentisering vid fakturabetalningar online
Prop. 2022/23:10	Rätt till betalkonto i fler banker
Prop. 2022/23:11	Stämpelskatt vid förvärv av fast egendom och tomträtter som görs vid delning av aktiebolag genom separation
Prop. 2022/23:15	Förstärkt skattereduktion för installation av solceller
Prop. 2022/23:17	Tillfälligt sänkt skatt på drivmedel och sänkt skatt på bränslen i viss värmeproduktion
Prop. 2022/23:18	Bibehållet reseavdrag med vissa förstärkningar för arbetsresor, tjänstresor och hemresor
Prop. 2022/23:20	En tillfällig skatt på extraordnära vinster för vissa företag under 2023
Prop. 2022/23:33	Åtgärder för att säkerställa en sund och säker spelmarknad
Prop. 2022/23:34	Utbetalningsmyndigheten
Prop. 2022/23:35	Höjd mervärdesskatt på vissa reparationer
Prop. 2022/23:39	En pilotordning för distribuerad databasteknik
Prop. 2022/23:41	Bättre möjligheter för Skatteverket att göra dataanalyser och urval i folkbokföringsverksamheten
Skr. 2021/22:87	Redovisning av verksamheten i Internationella valutafonden 2021
Skr. 2021/22:98	Redovisning av skatteutgifter 2022
Skr. 2021/22:101	Årsredovisning för staten 2021
Skr. 2021/22:104	Utvärdering av statens upplåning och skuldförvaltning 2017–2021

Skr. 2021/22:106	Återkallelse av regeringens proposition 2021/22:65 En ytterligare förlängning av anståndstiden för att möjliggöra avbetalning av tillfälliga anstånd
Skr. 2021/22:130	Redovisning av AP-fondernas verksamhet t.o.m. 2021
Skr. 2021/22:141	Riksrevisionens rapport om tillämpningen av det finanspolitiska ramverket 2021
Skr. 2021/22:241	Riksrevisionens rapport om den årliga omräkningen av myndigheternas anslag
Skr. 2021/22:248	Riksrevisionens rapport om statens finansiering av kommunerna
Skr. 2021/22:265	Riksrevisionens rapport om fastighetsbildningen i Sverige
Skr. 2021/22:268	Återkallelse av regeringens proposition 2021/22:253 Extra ändringsbudget för 2022 – Retroaktivt sänkt skatt på diesel inom jord-, skogs- och vattenbruk
Skr. 2022/23:22	Riksrevisionens rapport om Konsumentverkets tillsyn av marknadsföring och avtalsvillkor
Skr. 2022/23:25	Riksrevisionens rapport om beslutsunderlag inför stora reformer
Skr. 2022/23:29	Riksrevisionens rapport om regeringens underlag till riksdagen under pandemin
Skr. 2022/23:36	Riksrevisionens rapport om statliga insatser för att stimulera investeringar i datorhallar

Ministry of Defence

Prop. 2021/22:246	Förbättrade rättsliga förutsättningar för att kunna ta emot militärt stöd från andra stater
Skr. 2022/23:37	Riksrevisionens rapport om personalförsörjningen av kontinuerligt tjänstgörande gruppbefäl, soldater och sjömän
Skr. 2022/23:70	Integritetsskydd vid signalspaning i försvarsunderrättelseverksamhet

Ministry of Infrastructure

Prop. 2021/22:83	Fjärde järnvägspaketet
Prop. 2021/22:118	Genomförande av direktivet om elektroniska vägtullssystem
Prop. 2021/22:124	Genomförande av ändringar i energieffektiviseringsdirektivet om värme, kyla och tappvarmvatten för hushållsbruk
Prop. 2021/22:136	Genomförande av direktivet om inrättande av en europeisk kodex för elektronisk kommunikation
Prop. 2021/22:143	Omhändertagande och återkallelse av förarbevis för vattenskoter
Prop. 2021/22:147	Ursprungsgarantier – genomförande av det omarbetade förnybartdirektivet
Prop. 2021/22:153	Genomförande av elmarknadsdirektivet när det gäller nätverksamhet
Prop. 2021/22:166	Genomförande av mobilitetspaketet
Prop. 2021/22:187	Genomförande av ändringar i direktivet om miljökrav vid upphandling av bilar och vissa kollektivtrafiktjänster
Prop. 2021/22:190	Åtgärder mot fusk vid förarprov och mot illegal utbildningsverksamhet på transportområdet
Prop. 2021/22:225	Den offentliga sektorns tillgängliggörande av data
Prop. 2021/22:234	Fordon ska kunna klampas i fler fall
Prop. 2021/22:239	Ytterligare åtgärder mot fordonsmålvakter
Prop. 2021/22:243	Pausad höjning av reduktionsplikten för bensin och diesel 2023
Prop. 2021/22:259	Åtgärder för att förhindra illegal handel via post
Prop. 2021/22:263	Undantag från lokaliseringssprincipen för kommunal bredbandsutbyggnad Skr. 2021/22:261 Nationell planering för transportinfrastrukturen 2022–2033

Ministry of Justice

Prop. 2021/22:85	En ny konsumentköplag
Prop. 2021/22:108	Tillträdesförbud till badanläggningar och bibliotek
Prop. 2021/22:112	Återinförande av tillfälliga åtgärder för att underlättta genomförandet av bolags- och föreningsstämmor
Prop. 2021/22:117	Ändringar i lagar som genomför internationella bestämmelser om radiologiska skador och skador vid sjötransporter
Prop. 2021/22:119	Modernare regler för användningen av tvångsmedel
Prop. 2021/22:122	Ändring av andelstal i gemensamhetsanläggningar

Prop. 2021/22:127	Bättre tillgång till finansiell information i brottsbekämpningen
Prop. 2021/22:131	Nytt regelverk för kvalificerade säkerhetsärenden
Prop. 2021/22:133	En samlad straffrättslig terrorismslagstiftning
Prop. 2021/22:134	Skärpta och förbättrade regler om arbetskraftsinvandring
Prop. 2021/22:138	Ett särskilt brott för hedersförflyck
Prop. 2021/22:139	Stärkt integritet i idrottens antidopningsarbete
Prop. 2021/22:142	Effektivare bevisupptagning inom EU
Prop. 2021/22:171	Tryggare bostadsrätt
Prop. 2021/22:172	Nya regler om informationsutbyte om brottmålsdomar i EU
Prop. 2021/22:183	Registrering av kontantkort – förbättrad tillgång till uppgifter för brottsbekämpande myndigheter
Prop. 2021/22:185	Sekretess för ljuddämpare
Prop. 2021/22:186	En starkt rättsprocess och en ökad lagföring
Prop. 2021/22:188	Jämlika regler om föräldraskap i internationella situationer
Prop. 2021/22:189	Ökad rättsäkerhet och snabbare verkställighet i internationella familjemål Prop. 2021/22:192 Skärpta straff för knivbrott
Prop. 2021/22:193	Tillfälligt omhändertagande av villkorligt frigivna och skyddstillsynsdömda
Prop. 2021/22:194	Ett modernare straffrättsligt skydd mot hemfridsbrott och olaga intrång
Prop. 2021/22:195	Skärpt straff för gravfridsbrott
Prop. 2021/22:196	Ökad kontroll vid verkställighet av fängelse med fotboja
Prop. 2021/22:197	Effektivare verktyg i utsökningsförfarandet
Prop. 2021/22:198	Stärkt rätt till skadestånd för brottoffer
Prop. 2021/22:206	Snabbare och enklare verkställighet av myndighetsbeslut
Prop. 2021/22:215	En ny lag om företagsrekonstruktion
Prop. 2021/22:218	Hittegods i kollektivtrafiken
Prop. 2021/22:224	Utvisning på grund av brott – ett skärpt regelverk
Prop. 2021/22:227	Kompletteringar till EU:s nya gräns- och kustbevakningsförordning och förtydliganden i regler om unga lagöverträädare
Prop. 2021/22:229	Grundlagsskadestånd – ett rättighetsskydd för enskilda
Prop. 2021/22:231	Skärpt syn på våldtäkt och andra sexuella kränkningar
Prop. 2021/22:232	Ett modernt offentligt belöningssystem och de allmänna flaggdagarna
Prop. 2021/22:233	Nya uppgifter om den tilltalades ålder i straffprocessen
Prop. 2021/22:250	Åtgärder för en jämnare fördelning av boende för vissa skyddsbehövande
Prop. 2021/22:273	Förbättrad hantering av ärenden om överförande av straffverkställighet
Prop. 2021/22:274	Protokoll om privilegier och immunitet för den enhetliga patentdomstolen
Prop. 2021/22:275	Arrestantvakter och transportuppdrag
Prop. 2021/22:277	Ett oberoende tvistlösningsförfarande för kollektiva hyrestvister
Prop. 2021/22:278	Upphovsrätten på den digitala inre marknaden
Prop. 2021/22:279	Snabbare lagföring av brott
Prop. 2021/22:284	Ett höjt försörjningskrav för arbetskraftsinvandrare
Prop. 2021/22:286	Bolags rörlighet över gränserna inom EU
Prop. 2022/23:43	Kommuners ansvar för brottsförebyggande arbete
Skr. 2021/22:82	Riksrevisionens rapport om neddragningarna hos Migrationsverket 2017–2020
Skr. 2021/22:105	Riksrevisionens rapport om polisens och åklagarnas arbete mot internetrelaterade sexuella övergrepp mot barn
Skr. 2021/22:109	Riksrevisionens rapport om ersättning till rättsliga biträden i brottmål
Skr. 2021/22:191	Riksrevisionens rapport om bosättningsslagen
Skr. 2021/22:203	Utvecklingen på it-området när det gäller integritet och ny teknik
Skr. 2021/22:205	Riksrevisionens rapport om Ekobrottsmyndighetens arbete mot den organiserade ekonomiska brottsligheten

Skr. 2021/22:271	Anmälan av föreskrifter om att ytterligare kategorier av fördrivna personer ska ges tillfälligt skydd
Skr. 2021/22:282	Riksrevisionens rapport om migrationsdomstolarnas handläggningstider i asylmål
Skr. 2022/23:24	Riksrevisionens rapport om offentliga biträden i migrationsärenden
Skr. 2022/23:30	Redovisning av användningen av hemliga tvångsmedel under 2021
Skr. 2022/23:38	2022 års redogörelse för tillämpningen av lagen om särskild utlänningskontroll

Ministry of Culture

Prop. 2021/22:163	Bättre villkor för kommersiell radio
Prop. 2021/22:235	Sekretess hos två kommissioner
Prop. 2021/22:262	Ökad insyn i ägandet av radio- och tv-företag
Prop. 2021/22:272	Statens stöd till trossamfund samt demokrativillkor vid stöd till civilsamhället
Skr. 2021/22:283	Riksrevisionens rapport om statens krisstöd till idrott och kultur under coronapandemin
Skr. 2022/23:14	Återkallelse av regeringens proposition 2021/22:272 Statens stöd till trossamfund samt demokrativillkor vid stöd till civilsamhället

Ministry of the Environment

Prop. 2021/22:167	Straffbestämmelser till EU:s förordning om fartygsåtervinning
Prop. 2021/22:168	En ökad differentiering av strandskyddet
Prop. 2021/22:208	Vägar till hållbara vattentjänster
Prop. 2021/22:210	Tidigt kommunalt ställningstagande till vindkraft
Prop. 2021/22:219	Ordning och reda på avfallet
Prop. 2022/23:4	En särskild straffbestämmelse för otillåten fartygsåtervinning
Prop. 2022/23:28	Övervakning och rapportering av uppgifter om verkliga utsläpp från vissa fordon
Skr. 2021/22:247	Sveriges genomförande av Agenda 2030
Skr. 2022/23:23	Riksrevisionens rapport om statens insatser mot invasiva främmande arter

Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation

Prop. 2021/22:148	En ny växtskyddslag
Prop. 2021/22:150	Förbud mot utvinning av kol, olja och naturgas och skärpta regler för utvinning i alunskiffer
Prop. 2021/22:201	Ett års förlängd giltighetstid för undersökningstillstånd
Prop. 2021/22:207	Tydligare bestämmelser om ersättning vid avslag på ansökningar om tillstånd till avverkning i fjällnära skog
Prop. 2022/23:13	Förbättrad övervakning av antibiotikaanvändning för behandling av djur
Prop. 2022/23:21	Ändrade konkurrensregler för vertikala avtal
Prop. 2022/23:32	Ändringar i jordförvärvslagen i syfte att hindra att bestämmelserna om förvärvstillstånd kringgås
Prop. 2022/23:40	Absolut sekretess hos domstol i mål och ärenden enligt konkurrenslagen för uppgifter i vissa handlingar
Skr. 2021/22:140	2022 års redogörelse för företag med statligt ägande
Skr. 2022/23:5	Riksrevisionens rapport om den regionala utvecklingspolitiken

Ministry of Health and Social Affairs

Prop. 2021/22:116	En fast omsorgskontakt i hemtjänsten
Prop. 2021/22:128	Nya regler för organdonation
Prop. 2021/22:129	Borttagande av bosättningsprincipen vid sprututbyte
Prop. 2021/22:137	Uphävande av covid-19-lagen och lagen om tillfälliga smittskyddsåtgärder på serveringsställe
Prop. 2021/22:177	Sammanhållen vård och omsorgsdokumentation
Prop. 2021/22:178	Barnets bästa när vård enligt LVU upphör – lex lilla hjärtat

Prop. 2021/22:179	Ett bättre premiepensionssystem
Prop. 2021/22:180	Höjt bostadstillägg till pensionärer och höjt minimibelopp vid fastställande av avgifter enligt socialtjänstlagen
Prop. 2021/22:181	Justerade åldersgränser i pensionssystemet och i kringliggande system
Prop. 2021/22:182	Efterlevandestöd för barn som får vård eller boende bekostat av det allmänna
Prop. 2021/22:200	Hårdare regler för nya nikotinprodukter
Prop. 2021/22:204	Ändrade övergångsbestämmelser när det gäller medicintekniska produkter för in vitrodiagnostik
Prop. 2021/22:214	Stärkt rätt till personlig assistans – grundläggande behov för personer som har en psykisk funktionsnedsättning och ökad rättssäkerhet för barn
Prop. 2021/22:220	Sjukersättning till äldre i förvärvsarbetande ålder
Prop. 2021/22:237	Borttagande av regler för tillgodoräknande av försäkringstid i vissa situationer
Prop. 2021/22:244	Stärkt rätt till personlig assistans vid behov av egenvård
Prop. 2021/22:254	Infektion med ett visst orthopoxvirus och ändring i smittskyddslagen Prop. 2021/22:260
	Ökad kontroll i hälso- och sjukvården
Prop. 2022/23:42	Genomförande av tillgänglighetsdirektivet
Skr. 2021/22:107	Riksrevisionens rapport om statens suicidpreventiva arbete
Skr. 2021/22:213	En samlad strategi för alkohol-, narkotika-, dopnings- och tobakspolitiken samt spel om pengar 2022–2025
Skr. 2021/22:230	Vård av unga vid Statens institutionsstyrelses särskilda ungdomshem
Skr. 2021/22:249	Vissa frågor inom hälso- och sjukvårdsområdet
Skr. 2021/22:264	Redovisning av fördelning av medel från Allmänna arvsfonden under budgetåret 2021
Skr. 2021/22:266	Riksrevisionens rapport om digitala läkarbesök och hyrläkare i sjukskrivningsprocessen
Skr. 2021/22:281	Vissa frågor inom hälso- och sjukvårdsområdet
Skr. 2022/23:12	Riksrevisionens rapport om statens tillsyn över apotek och partihandel med läkemedel
Skr. 2022/23:19	Riksrevisionens rapport om statens arbete med att säkra skyddsutrustning under coronapandemin

Ministry of Education and Research

Prop. 2021/22:78	Stärkt kvalitet och likvärdighet i pedagogisk omsorg
Prop. 2021/22:94	Ökade möjligheter till grundläggande behörighet på yrkesprogram
Prop. 2021/22:111	Mer tid till lärande – extra studietid och utökad lovskola
Prop. 2021/22:123	Validering för kompetensförsörjning och livslångt lärande
Prop. 2021/22:132	Förskola för fler barn
Prop. 2021/22:155	In- och utpasseringskontroller vid högskoleprovet
Prop. 2021/22:156	Resursskolor och tilläggsbelopp för särskilt stöd
Prop. 2021/22:157	Tydligare krav på fristående förskolor, skolor och fritidshem med konfessionell inriktning
Prop. 2021/22:158	Ett mer likvärdigt skolval
Prop. 2021/22:159	Dimensionering av gymnasial utbildning för bättre kompetensförsörjning
Prop. 2021/22:160	Skolans arbete med trygghet och studiero
Prop. 2021/22:161	Ökad likvärdighet för skolhuvudmän
Prop. 2021/22:162	Elevhälsa och stärkt utbildning för elever med intellektuell funktionsnedsättning
Prop. 2022/23:31	Behandling av personuppgifter vid antalsberäkning inför klinisk forskning
Skr. 2022/23:44	Riksrevisionens rapport om skolpengen – effektivitet och konsekvenser

Ministry for Foreign Affairs

Prop. 2021/22:121	Återkallelse av uppehållstillstånd som har meddelats av Regeringskansliet för personer med anknytning till utländska beskickningar, karriärkonsulat eller internationella organ
Prop. 2021/22:145	Värdlandsavtal mellan Sverige och Internationella vaccininstitutet
Prop. 2021/22:209	Förstärkt kontroll av produkter med dubbla användningsområden
Prop. 2021/22:222	Översyn av vissa bestämmelser om tullfrihet

Prop. 2021/22:223	Världslandsavtal mellan Sverige och Förenta nationernas barnfond Unicef
Prop. 2021/22:238	Anpassningar till EU:s marknadskontrollförordning – del 2
Prop. 2022/23:3	Svenskt deltagande i Förenta nationernas stabiliseringssats i Mali
Skr. 2021/22:90	Nordiskt samarbete 2021
Skr. 2021/22:114	Strategisk exportkontroll 2021
Skr. 2021/22:144	Riksrevisionens rapport om svenska bistånd till multilaterala organisationer
Skr. 2021/22:170	Sveriges ordförandeskap i Organisationen för säkerhet och samarbete i Europa (OSSE) under 2021
Skr. 2021/22:236	Resultatskrivelse om utvecklingssamarbete och humanitärt bistånd genom multilaterala organisationer
Skr. 2022/23:16	Riksrevisionens rapport om Sidas val av samarbetspartner och biståndsform
Skr. 2022/23:26	Regeringens skrivelse 2022/23:26 Verksamhet inom Europarådets ministerkommitté under helåret 2021 och första halvåret 2022

All government bills and written communications are available on www.regeringen.se.

Acts and ordinances

A government bill containing a legislative proposal is considered by the Riksdag, resulting in a parliamentary decision. If passed by the Riksdag, the Government then promulgates and publishes the new act.



Ordinances are legal rules that the Government decides on. Ordinances regulate the activities of government agencies, for example. Acts and ordinances are published in the Swedish Code of Statutes (SFS). For more information, see www.svenskforfattningsamling.se.

The table below shows the number of acts and ordinances issued each year in SFS.

Number of acts and ordinances issued each year by ministry

Ministry	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Prime Minister's Office	6	5	1	2	6
Ministry of Employment	71	39	68	52	127
Ministry of Finance	457	306	299	306	430
Ministry of Defence	43	28	23	15	21
Ministry of Infrastructure		102	87	117	222
Ministry of Justice	521	326	354	307	454
Ministry of Culture	71	42	29	24	39
Ministry of the Environment	225	58	112	61	109
Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation	316	96	47	137	102
Ministry of Health and Social Affairs	233	194	167	196	185
Ministry of Education and Research	144	102	93	103	150
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	26	16	21	17	22
Government Offices	2 113	1 314	1 301	1 337	1 867

Statutes issued by other authorities are not included.

2. The budget process and agency governance

Work on the central government budget begins more than a year before the start of the relevant fiscal year. In December each year, the Ministry of Finance presents the Government with forecasts of how the national economy and public finances are likely to develop. In January and February, it continues to review and update the revenue and expenditure forecasts in the central government budget, government borrowing requirements, etc. At the same time, the other ministries revise the forecasts for their own expenditure areas and appropriations.

Next, the ministries submit consequence estimates to the Ministry of Finance for the coming three-year period. At the end of February, the government agencies submit their annual reports for the previous year and their budget documents for the coming three-year period. This material is analysed by the ministries.

Deliberations on the focus of the central government budget take place in March. Guidelines for economic policy and the central government budget for the coming years are set out in the Spring Fiscal Policy Bill, which is presented to the Riksdag in April. At the same time, the Government submits a central government annual report for the previous year.

The Spring Fiscal Policy Bill focuses on the guidelines and challenges for economic policy and budget policy over the coming years. Detailed proposals on new reforms are reported in the autumn Budget Bill. During the spring, meetings are held with the government agencies (agency dialogues) in which the political leadership and the agency leadership go through the agency's activities with both a retrospective and forward-looking perspective. The ministries also work on the reports that are submitted to the Riksdag for each expenditure area in the Budget Bill. During the spring and summer, the ministries prepare the amount of funds to be divided into individual appropriations.

The Government submits the Budget Bill to the Riksdag by 20 September. In an election year it must instead be submitted no later than three weeks after a vote has been conducted in the Riksdag confirming that the Prime Minister has sufficient support in the Riksdag, or three weeks after a new government has taken office if there has been a change of government. The Budget Bill contains proposals on expenditure ceilings for central government expenditure. The expenditure ceiling for an individual budget year is decided three years in advance, which is why the proposal applies to the third year ahead.

The Budget Bill contains proposals for revenue estimates for all budget revenue, proposals for preliminary expenditure limits for the 27 expenditure areas and proposals for the allocation of expenditure of appropriations in each expenditure area. In addition, proposals are submitted for preliminary expenditure limits and revenue estimates for the coming second and third budget years. The Budget Bill also reports the outcome of government activities in each expenditure area during the previous year as background material for the budget proposal.

In connection with the Spring Fiscal Policy Bill and the Budget Bill, the Government can submit proposed amendments to the central government budget. This is done in a spring amending budget or an autumn amending budget. If special grounds exist, government bills can also be submitted with amendments to the central government budget on other occasions as ‘additional amending budgets’.

While the Riksdag discusses the Budget Bill, the ministries begin drafting appropriation directions for the government agencies under their jurisdiction. The appropriation directions set out the financial powers that government agencies need for their activities and the objectives, reporting requirements and assignments that apply for the year. In November, the Riksdag decides on the budget revenue and the expenditure limits for all expenditure areas, and in December it decides on the amount and purpose of each appropriation in the relevant expenditure area. The Government subsequently decides on appropriation directions before the end of the year.



Summary of the central government budget, SEK billion

In 2022 the budget process involved the allocation of more than SEK 1 113 billion. The following tables show the outcome for the central government budget in recent years in terms of revenue and expenditure in current prices.

Summary of the central government budget, SEK billion

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Revenue	1 072.1	1 055.5	998.5	1 191.3	1 286.1
Expenditure etc.	992.1	943.6	1 219.1	1 113.4	1 122.5
Central government budget balance	80.0	111.9	-220.6	77.9	163.6

The revenue figures for 2022 are provisional. Figures for previous years have been corrected.

Revenue, SEK billion

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Direct taxes on labour	656.9	660.5	668.7	694.3	716.0
Indirect taxes on labour	585.9	604.8	581.8	634.7	673.2
Taxes on capital	261.4	282.2	271.8	355.9	349.0
Taxes on consumption and input goods	580.5	596.9	602.9	651.0	710.4
Import duties	6.5	6.9	6.2	7.3	9.3
Taxes due and other taxes	20.3	12.6	9.6	-5.0	10.9
Deductible items, taxes to EU	-6.5	-6.9	-6.2	-7.3	-9.3
Deductible items, taxes to other sectors	-1 000.9	-1 033.1	-1 054.5	-1 110.5	-1 168.4
Accruals	24.0	-15.5	-42.9	14.6	34.6
Revenue from central government activities	32.8	35.3	46.1	43.3	71.9
Income from sale of property	1.8	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.9
Loan repayments	0.7	0.8	0.7	1.1	1.4
Calculated revenue	12.2	14.2	16.2	17.8	18.2
EU grants etc.	12.4	12.6	14.2	14.6	15.6
Offsets associated with the tax system	-116.0	-115.8	-116.9	-120.6	-147.5
Expenditure in the form of credits to tax accounts	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total revenue	1072.1	1055.5	998.5	1191.3	1286.1

Expenditure, SEK billion

Expenditure area	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
1 Governance	14.3	14.6	15.7	16.4	17.6
2 Economy and financial administration	16.0	16.9	17.0	16.9	17.3
3 Taxes, customs and enforcement	11.4	11.5	12.1	12.5	12.8
4 Justice	45.9	49.4	53.0	57.2	61.5
5 International cooperation	1.9	2.3	2.1	1.8	3.4
6 Defence and contingency measures	53.5	60.6	63.1	70.6	83.5
7 International development cooperation	42.8	44.2	46.5	47.5	46.2
8 Migration	19.6	11.8	9.6	8.2	11.7
9 Health care, medical care and social services	78.4	79.6	101.8	138.0	118.2
10 Financial security for the sick and disabled	99.7	97.9	117.9	113.1	114.3
11 Financial security for the elderly	34.8	34.5	36.7	38.0	46.3
12 Financial security for families and children	95.2	97.3	99.9	101.1	101.1
13 Gender equality and introduction of newly arrived immigrants	22.2	16.9	8.5	6.2	5.4
14 Labour market and working life	73.9	73.4	87.2	91.9	78.4
15 Financial support for students	21.1	22.8	25.1	26.6	25.5
16 Education and academic research	76.0	78.5	83.0	91.3	93.0
17 Culture, media, religious communities and leisure activities	16.0	15.8	20.4	22.7	19.7
18 Planning, housing provision, construction and consumer policy	4.6	3.1	3.8	5.2	7.7
19 Regional growth	3.6	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.4
20 General environmental protection and nature conservation	10.4	9.4	11.0	16.7	21.5
21 Energy	3.5	2.2	3.3	3.3	11.9
22 Transport and communications	56.6	58.6	65.2	72.1	72.9
23 Land- and water-based industries, rural areas and food	19.6	20.8	20.0	19.6	21.9
24 Industry and trade	7.5	7.3	60.4	30.4	10.3
25 General grants to local government	111.4	120.1	158.0	153.2	157.0
26 Interest on the national debt etc.	13.6	22.2	19.6	-1.3	27.2
27 Contribution to the European Union	35.0	37.7	47.2	52.3	48.2
Total, all expenditure areas	988.5	1012.9	1191.1	1214.7	1238.0
Cash adjustment	1.6	-2.4	6.8	-4.3	-4.5
Net lending by National Debt Office etc.	2.0	-66.9	21.3	-97.0	-110.9
Total expenditure	992.1	943.6	1219.1	1113.4	1122.5

Agency governance

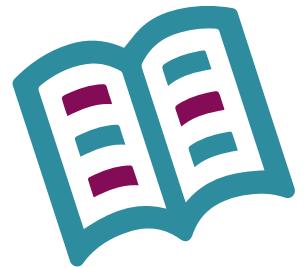
The government agencies that report to the Government are the Government's foremost tool for implementing the policies decided on by the Riksdag and the Government. The direction of the Government's agency governance is that it should be strategic, long-term, tailored to the agency's activities, holistic, coherent and trust-based.

In Sweden, we have organisationally independent government agencies with far-reaching delegated responsibility to independently determine how they are to fulfil their tasks. Under the Government Agencies Ordinance (2007:515), the agency management is accountable to the Government for the agency's activities. The agency's management is responsible for ensuring that the agency's activities are conducted efficiently and in accordance with applicable legislation and the obligations that follow from Sweden's membership of the EU, that they are reported in a reliable and fair way, and that the agency manages government funds prudently. The Ordinance also contains special provisions for the different forms of management. The Government is ultimately accountable to the Riksdag for everything that agencies do. The Ordinance expects good monitoring of the agencies' results and activities, and that the Government intervenes if it determines that the agencies are not managing their tasks appropriately.

The government agencies' instructions are the main policy document for the Government's long-term and strategic governance. An agency's instructions regulate the agency's tasks, management form and other circumstances specific to the agency. For some agencies, the legislation in an area of activity is also very important for how the agency designs and conducts its activities. Specific ordinances may also be important. Annual governance takes place through appropriation directions. There are also specific government decisions.

Another important governance tool for the Government is the appointment of directors-general and deputy directors-general, and of members of agency boards, committees and advisory councils.

An important part of agency governance is following up agencies' activities. One way this is done is through dialogue between representatives of the Government and the agency management.



Number of government agencies that report to the Government

The table below shows the number of government agencies on 31 December each year that belonged to the central government accounting organisation and that reported to the Government. The figures do not include Swedish missions abroad or committees.

Number of government agencies that report to the Government

Ministry	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Prime Minister's Office	2	2	2	2	2
Ministry of Employment	8	12	12	12	11
Ministry of Finance	45	46	46	46	46
Ministry of Defence	7	7	7	7	7
Ministry of Infrastructure		12	12	12	12
Ministry of Justice	19	19	18	18	20
Ministry of Culture	25	23	23	23	23
Ministry of the Environment	12	8	8	8	8
Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation	22	13	13	13	12
Ministry of Health and Social Affairs	17	15	15	15	16
Ministry of Education and Research	53	47	48	48	47
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	8	8	8	8	8
Government Offices	218	212	212	212	212

Appropriation directions and amendments

The first table below shows the number of appropriation directions and amendments by year and how many refer to government agencies and appropriations respectively. The second table shows the total number of appropriation directions and amendments by ministry and year.

Number of appropriation directions and amendments

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Appropriation directions					
for appropriations	100	98	103	107	117
for agencies	222	216	216	216	216
Amendments					
for appropriations	106	113	147	134	129
for agencies	251	342	355	390	302
Totalt	679	769	821	847	764

Number of appropriation directions and amendments by ministry

Ministry	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Prime Minister's Office	6	3	6	3	3
Ministry of Employment	40	51	69	65	44
Ministry of Finance	101	109	102	91	108
Ministry of Defence	14	22	21	19	27
Ministry of Infrastructure		17	55	53	53
Ministry of Justice	50	53	50	53	63
Ministry of Culture	73	101	100	98	81
Ministry of the Environment	39	39	39	33	33
Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation	99	89	86	94	87
Ministry of Health and Social Affairs	104	89	100	98	84
Ministry of Education and Research	108	138	132	195	118
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	45	58	61	45	63
Government Offices	679	769	821	847	764

Appropriation directions and amendments of recent years are published in the Statsliggaren, which is available at www.esv.se



Appointments

Ministry Name	Title	Government Agency
A	Mathias Wahlsten	Director-General Swedish Unemployment Insurance Inspectorate
Fi	Albin Kainelainen	Director-General National Institute of Economic Research
Fi	Fredrik Rosengren	Chief Enforcement Director Swedish Enforcement Authority
Fi	Helena Höij	County Governor Dalarna County Administrative Board
Fi	Johan Sterte	County Governor Västmanland County Administrative Board
Fi	Sten Tolgfors	County Governor Västra Götaland County Administrative Board
I	Roberto Maiorana	Director General Swedish Transport Administration
I	Ulrika Hesslow	Director General Swedish Energy Markets Inspectorate
Ju	Mattias Larsson	Director General Swedish National Council for Crime Prevention
Ku	Anna-Karin Lindblom	Director General The Swedish Media Council
Ku	Helene Rånlund	Director-General National Swedish Museums of Military History
Ku	Mika Romanus	Director Swedish Arts Grants Committee
Ku	Petra Mårselius	Director General Living History Forum
M	Johan Kuylenstierna	Director General Formas (Swedish Research Council for Environment, Agricultural Sciences and Spatial Planning)

Ministry Name	Title	Government Agency
N	Elisabeth Backteman	Director General Swedish Agency for Economic and Regional Growth
S	Britta Björkholm	Director General Swedish Agency for Health Technology Assessment and Assessment of Social Services
S	Gunilla Nordlöf	Director General Swedish eHealth Agency
U	Anders Söderholm	President Royal Institute of Technology
U	Katarina Bjelke	Director General Swedish Research Council
U	Martin Hellström	Vice-Chancellor Mälardalen University
U	Muriel Beser Hugosson	Vice-Chancellor University of Skövde
U	Sanne Kofod Olsen	Vice-Chancellor Royal Institute of Art*
UD	Per Ohlsson Fridh	Director-General Folke Bernadotte Academy

*Takes up the post in 2023.

Appointment of acting heads of agencies and re-appointment of heads of agencies in 2022 are not included in this list.

3. Government business

The Government Offices is an authority tasked with preparing government business. This includes government bills, written communications, instructions to government agencies, appropriation and grant matters and, to some extent, exemption matters and other matters concerning parties in a legal procedure, and appeals.

The table below shows the total number of items of government business, including administrative matters and matters in other principal activities, such as government bills and written communications.



Number of decided items of government business

Ministry	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Prime Minister's Office	44	75	59	85	69
Ministry of Employment	145	198	233	270	215
Ministry of Finance	688	648	751	723	807
Ministry of Defence	346	326	300	308	407
Ministry of Infrastructure		282	510	406	439
Ministry of Justice	888	811	911	887	1 069
Ministry of Culture	296	310	285	325	291
Ministry of the Environment	442	289	273	285	341
Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation	738	411	399	433	461
Ministry of Health and Social Affairs	537	414	568	639	569
Ministry of Education and Research	691	437	424	495	467
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	447	432	470	457	564
Government Offices	5 262	4 633	5 183	5 313	5 699

The figures refer to the number of registry entries listed at Government meetings. Several decisions may be taken (i.e. several case numbers) under the same item listed.

Registered cases in the case register

As a rule, a case includes several documents. Here, a 'case' also refers to 'annual cases' for individual documents on a specific topic. The number of registered cases varies between activities and over time.

Ministry	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Prime Minister's Office	1 721	1 612	2 030	2 162	1 984
Ministry of Employment	1 994	2 302	2 695	2 391	1 644
Ministry of Finance	3 821	4 265	5 190	4 020	3 472
Ministry of Defence	1 451	1 344	1 271	1 313	1 587
Ministry of Infrastructure		3 391	3 423	3 364	2 407
Ministry of Justice	5 222	4 232	4 749	4 301	3 725
Ministry of Culture	2 284	2 046	2 756	2 512	1 961
Ministry of the Environment	2 973	2 137	2 119	2 449	2 328
Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation	5 714	2 129	3 136	3 106	2 395
Ministry of Health and Social Affairs	6 058	5 273	9 955	8 302	4 816
Ministry of Education and Research	4 798	4 416	6 840	5 040	4 064
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	20 973	19 112	19 260	18 623	18 408
Office for Administrative Affairs	1 484	1 568	1 458	2 210	2 128
Government Offices	58 493	53 827	64 882	59 793	50 919

Foreign policy documents outside the case register

Besides the cases registered in the case register, documents concerning Sweden's EU membership are registered in a separate register.

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Government Offices	14 950	16 424	13 152	13 914	16 037

Applications, exemptions and appeals

The Government decides on certain exemption and appeal issues and certain grant and support applications. In the latter case, it is primarily a matter of grant applications from stakeholder organisations. The Government works continuously to amend legislation so that cases are moved from the Government to government agencies and courts.

Applications for grants and support

Ministry	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Prime Minister's Office	1	-	-	-	-
Ministry of Employment	1	16	10	16	5
Ministry of Finance	2	1	2	1	-
Ministry of Defence	-	-	-	-	1
Ministry of Infrastructure		7	5	5	-
Ministry of Justice	14	6	9	7	11
Ministry of Culture	32	20	31	20	39
Ministry of the Environment	108	69	79	62	46
Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation	28	34	12	7	6
Ministry of Health and Social Affairs	83	37	27	13	13
Ministry of Education and Research	10	8	13	10	11
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	1579	1775	1582	1530	1985
Office for Administrative Affairs	-	-	-	-	-
Government Offices	1858	1973	1770	1671	2117

Exemptions and appeals

Ministry	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Prime Minister's Office	-	-	1	-	-
Ministry of Employment	-	1	-	1	-
Ministry of Finance	4	76	49	41	30
Ministry of Defence	-	-	-	-	-
Ministry of Infrastructure		189	62	86	75
Ministry of Justice	32	83	107	88	188
Ministry of Culture	-	-	-	1	-
Ministry of the Environment	92	76	75	63	73
Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation	94	32	11	19	16
Ministry of Health and Social Affairs	-	-	8	3	1
Ministry of Education and Research	4	1	1	2	2
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	-	-	-	-	-
Office for Administrative Affairs	-	1	-	-	-
Government Offices	226	459	314	304	385

4. Work at EU and international level

Missions abroad – Sweden's embassies, consulates-general, etc. – represent the Government and the Government Offices around the world. Missions abroad strengthen the impact of the Government's policies, safeguard Swedish interests abroad and provide residents of Sweden with consular assistance abroad.

Along with globalisation and Sweden's membership of the EU, the Government Offices' international and EU-related work has increased and is now extensive.

All ministries are involved in EU-related work, which includes preparing Swedish positions, conducting negotiations, transposing EU directives into Swedish law, and monitoring infringement matters and cases before the European Court of Justice. Other examples of the ministries' international work include representing Sweden in international negotiations, including in the UN system. The ministries also take part in bilateral meetings with other EU Member States, organise international conferences and inform the Riksdag about Sweden's work in the EU and other international cooperation.

Missions abroad

Missions				
Abu Dhabi	Budapest	Kabul	Moscow	Seoul
Abuja	Buenos Aires	Kampala	Nairobi	Singapore
Addis Abeba	Bucharest	Khartoum	New Delhi	Skopje
Algiers	Cairo	Kiev	Nicosia	Tallinn
Amman	Canberra	Kigali	Oslo	Tbilisi
Ankara	Chisinau	Kinshasa	Ottawa	Tehran
Astana	Copenhagen	Kuala Lumpur	Ouagadougou	Tel Aviv
Athens	Damascus	La Paz	Paris	Tirana
Baghdad	Dar es-Salaam	Lima	Prague	Tokyo
Baku	Dhaka	Lisbon	Pretoria	Tunis
Bamako	Doha	London	Pristina	Vienna
Bangkok	Guatemala	Luanda	Pyongyang	Vilnius
Beijing	The Hague	Lusaka	Rabat	Warsaw
Beirut	Hanoi	Madrid	Reykjavik	Washington DC
Belgrade	Harare	Manila	Riga	Yerevan
Berlin	Havana	Maputo	Riyadh	Zagreb
Bern	Helsinki	Mexico City	Rome	
Bogotá D.C.	Islamabad	Minsk	Santiago de Chile	
Brasilia	Jakarta	Monrovia	Sarajevo	

Consulates

Brussels	Istanbul	Mariehamn	New York	Shanghai
Hongkong	Jerusalem	Mumbai	S:t Petersburg	

Representations and Delegations

- Permanent Representation to the European Union, Brussels
- Permanent Mission to the United Nations, New York
- Permanent Mission to the International Organisations, Geneva
- Delegation to the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) and the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO), Paris – Permanent Representation of Sweden to the Council of Europe, Strasbourg
- Permanent Delegation to the Organisation for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE), Vienna
- Mission to NATO, Brussels

Stockholm-based Ambassadors

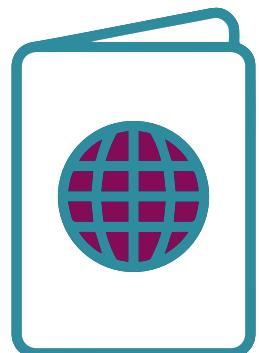
The eight ambassadors have the following accreditations:

1. Basseterre, Bridgetown, Castries, Georgetown, Kingston, Kingstown, Nassau, Paramaribo, Port-au-Prince, Port of Spain, Roseau, Santo Domingo, St George's, St John's
2. The Holy See, Valletta
3. Asmara
4. Ashgabat, Bisjkek, Dushanbe, Tashkent
5. Sofia
6. Abidjan, Banjul, Conakry, Dakar, Lomé, Porto-Novo
7. Dublin
8. Brussels, Luxembourg

Visas and passports

One task of missions abroad is to issue visas to foreign citizens who want to visit or work in Sweden, and process residence and work permit applications. Another task is to process applications for passports and national identity cards

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Visa applications	253 297	280 076	39 557	27 430	141 410
Passports and national identity cards issued and decided	30 536	33 503	28 839	36 557	37 414
Residence permit applications	70 770	61 042	40 910	52 304	59 641



Officials posted abroad

Swedish missions abroad are staffed by the Government Offices and by some 1 350 local employees. The table below shows the average number of officials posted abroad from the Government Offices per ministry for each year.

Ministry	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Prime Minister's Office	-	6	7	7	9
Ministry of Employment	1	1	1	1	2
Ministry of Finance	7	7	8	7	11
Ministry of Defence	13	13	12	12	15
Ministry of Infrastructure		3	4	4	8
Ministry of Justice	8	8	8	7	11
Ministry of Culture	8	7	7	7	7
Ministry of the Environment	4	3	3	3	5
Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation	14	11	11	10	12
Ministry of Health and Social Affairs	3	3	3	3	4
Ministry of Education and Research	3	3	3	3	4
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	544	529	482	495	502
Office for Administrative Affairs	-	-	-	-	-
Government Offices	605	593	548	559	590
Proportion women/men	56/44	56/44	55/45	54/46	54/46

Travel days abroad

Employees of ministries other than the Ministry for Foreign Affairs also work abroad to varying degrees. A measure of this is the number of travel days among employees who are not posted abroad.

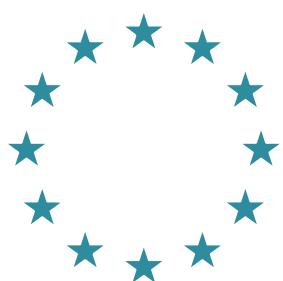


Ministry	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Prime Minister's Office	1 067	1 370	380	534	1 113
Ministry of Employment	768	837	152	138	703
Ministry of Finance	3 079	2 867	385	276	1 809
Ministry of Defence	1 449	1 272	276	360	1 294
Ministry of Infrastructure		843	136	110	917
Ministry of Justice	2 438	1 908	304	275	2 239
Ministry of Culture	633	525	75	41	408
Ministry of the Environment	2 128	1 955	286	251	1 759
Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation	3 072	2 116	345	232	1 291
Ministry of Health and Social Affairs	1 227	1 091	158	54	844
Ministry of Education and Research	936	1 002	120	155	511
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	18 284	17 616	4 902	5 665	10 261
Office for Administrative Affairs	779	485	137	203	618
Government Offices	35 860	33 887	7 656	8 294	23 767

The figures for 2021 have been adjusted, as the travel statistics were received after 2021 Yearbook was published.

Explanatory memorandums on new EU proposals

Explanatory memorandums contain a summary of new proposals from the European Commission and set out the Swedish Government's views on them. The explanatory memorandums are submitted to the Riksdag's Secretariat of the Chamber and are then examined by the relevant parliamentary committee. The table below shows the number of explanatory memorandums submitted to the Secretariat of the Chamber by year. The statistics vary depending on the number of proposals the Commission presents.



Ministry	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Prime Minister's Office	10	7	14	4	7
Ministry of Employment	5	2	9	6	2
Ministry of Finance	39	12	23	22	20
Ministry of Defence	1	-	-	1	3
Ministry of Infrastructure		1	9	16	13
Ministry of Justice	28	1	16	20	32
Ministry of Culture	4	-	2	1	2
Ministry of the Environment	10	2	10	9	14
Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation	23	12	13	12	12
Ministry of Health and Social Affairs	3	1	9	11	5
Ministry of Education and Research	8	1	5	2	6
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	17	8	11	10	14
Government Offices	148	47	121	114	130

Explanatory memorandums are available under 'Documents and laws' at www.riksdagen.se.

5. External communication

Communication is an important part of Government Offices activities and includes:

- communicating the Government's policies and the work of the ministers;
- preparing replies to questions and interpellations from the Riksdag;
- preparing background material ahead of public appearances and speeches;
- replying to letters from the general public and questions from the media;
- organising and participating in seminars and other events; and
- consulting and maintaining dialogue with the business community, stakeholder organisations and the general public.

The Government Offices' digital channels

The Government Offices primarily tries to communicate digitally. The hub for communicating the activities of the Government and the Government Offices are the websites: www.regeringen.se and www.government.se.

Here visitors can read up-to-date information, subscribe to news and view webcasts of press conferences. Government bills, written communications and Swedish Government Official Reports are also available on the websites.

The Government Offices uses social media to reach target audiences that do not normally visit

www.regeringen.se or government.se, or to conduct a dialogue directly with target audiences. In addition

to webcasts on regeringen.se, press conferences are often broadcast live on social media.

The Swedish language website regeringen.se contains information about the Government's and the Government Offices' presence on social media:

www.regeringen.se/press/regeringen-och-regeringskansliet-i-sociala-medier/

Replies to interpellations from members of the Riksdag

The table shows the number of replies to interpellations, i.e. oral replies by a government minister to questions from a member of the Riksdag. The data in the table does not take account of Article 5 provisions*. Instead, replies to interpellations are attributed to the ministry where the minister concerned was serving at the time of the reply.

Ministry	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Prime Minister's Office	-	1	1	1	1
Ministry of Employment	8	22	19	70	17
Ministry of Finance	36	70	49	82	47
Ministry of Defence	6	11	3	15	2
Ministry of Infrastructure		39	68	100	70
Ministry of Justice	55	79	87	89	82
Ministry of Culture	21	10	17	34	15
Ministry of the Environment	17	27	27	58	23
Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation	88	29	42	86	40
Ministry of Health and Social Affairs	39	62	34	57	36
Ministry of Education and Research	16	33	27	31	23
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	24	50	48	50	30
Government Offices	310	433	422	673	386

Interpellations and replies are available at www.riksdagen.se.

* Article 5 provisions: At a Government meeting, the head of the ministry presents business belonging to their ministry. The Prime Minister may, however, prescribe that a matter or group of matters belonging to a particular ministry be presented by a minister other than the head of ministry concerned (see Chapter 7, Article 5 of the Instrument of Government).

Replies to written questions raised by members of the Riksdag

The table shows the number of replies to written questions raised in the Riksdag, i.e. written replies to written questions from members of the Riksdag to a minister. The data in the table does not take account of Article 5 provisions. Instead, replies to questions raised by members of the Riksdag are attributed to the ministry where the minister concerned was serving at the time of the reply.

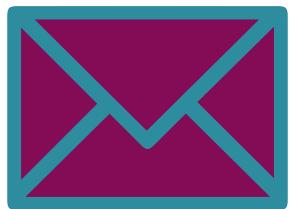
Ministry	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Prime Minister's Office	2	4	1	2	2
Ministry of Employment	68	51	81	126	33
Ministry of Finance	101	175	246	269	153
Ministry of Defence	28	26	38	47	36
Ministry of Infrastructure		171	353	397	203
Ministry of Justice	289	322	414	562	294
Ministry of Culture	23	44	72	108	37
Ministry of the Environment	57	87	119	174	80
Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation	260	217	251	318	128
Ministry of Health and Social Affairs	137	213	395	501	171
Ministry of Education and Research	63	65	115	182	76
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	122	205	413	448	237
Government Offices	1 150	1 580	2 498	3 134	1 450

Interpellations and replies are available at www.riksdagen.se.



Replies to letters

The Government Offices receives a large number of letters every year from private individuals, both on paper and via email. Questions and comments from individuals also come in via social media. Letters from private individuals containing questions or proposals addressed to the Government normally receive a written reply. The table shows the number of replies sent by each ministry in recent years and recorded in the Government Offices case register. The number of letters varies over time and is related to the number of questions the Government Offices receives from the public.



Ministry	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Prime Minister's Office	375	251	306	238	83
Ministry of Employment	758	680	1 211	601	341
Ministry of Finance	944	734	1 211	1 026	515
Ministry of Defence	188	103	102	69	146
Ministry of Infrastructure		448	999	891	184
Ministry of Justice	1 381	1 078	1 101	866	349
Ministry of Culture	686	434	682	719	283
Ministry of the Environment	759	594	531	820	561
Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation	804	330	239	98	23
Ministry of Health and Social Affairs	2 669	1 869	5 271	4 621	1 923
Ministry of Education and Research	2 108	1 694	3 936	2 672	1 848
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	899	754	733	1 193	1 229
Office for Administrative Affairs	-	1	-	-	1
Government Offices	11 571	8 970	16 322	13 814	7 486

Travel days in Sweden

Politicians and Government Offices officials have daily contact with various sectors of society. One way of measuring some of this activity is to count the number of travel days in Sweden, which are reported in the table.

Ministry	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Prime Minister's Office	736	443	181	271	500
Ministry of Employment	295	307	63	55	200
Ministry of Finance	861	697	182	136	422
Ministry of Defence	386	417	133	167	262
Ministry of Infrastructure		198	64	48	249
Ministry of Justice	556	324	158	150	349
Ministry of Culture	297	361	90	280	336
Ministry of the Environment	733	603	152	71	92
Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation	1 178	623	129	162	515
Ministry of Health and Social Affairs	689	540	241	136	407
Ministry of Education and Research	564	360	140	223	163
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	1 029	811	112	447	384
Office for Administrative Affairs	507	498	331	407	599
Government Offices	7 831	6 182	1 976	2 553	4 478



The figures for 2021 have been adjusted, as the travel statistics were received after 2021 Yearbook was published.

6. Special projects and programmes 2022

Special projects and programmes are activities of an administrative nature that are undertaken by the Government Offices. They are financed by funds from the Government Offices' appropriation for administrative operations or from some other appropriation at the Government's or Government Offices' disposal. This could be when:



- the Government allocates project funds;
- the activity constitutes a platform for debate and opinion formation;
- the activity builds on collaboration with other parts of the central government administration or with other stakeholders in society; or
- the projects are intended to run for a limited period of time.

Special projects and programmes are only carried out in response to special needs or conditions. For example, the activity may not naturally fall within any other agency's sphere of responsibility. The activity may also cut across multiple sectors of society and require decisions being regularly taken by the Government or an individual minister, which is difficult to express in a remit to agencies. The programmes and projects are often important supplements to other Government activities.

The list below shows a selection of projects and programmes that were active in 2022.

Ministry	Project/ Programme	Start	Conclu- sion	Description
A	Delegation for the Employment of Young People and Newly Arrived Migrants	2014	2023	The delegation promotes collaboration between different actors and the development of new forms of collaboration. The aim is to achieve greater local impact for labour market policy initiatives to help young people and newly arrived immigrants become established in working life.
A	Delegation against work-related crime	2021 t	2025	The delegation brings together and supports relevant actors combating work-related crime, strengthens knowledge of work-related crime in Sweden and spreads knowledge of international experiences.
A	Gender mainstreaming in government agencies – GMGA	2013	2025	The Government's development programme for gender mainstreaming in government agencies (GMGA) aims to strengthen these agencies' gender mainstreaming efforts so that their activities better contribute to the achievement of the national gender equality policy objectives.
Ju	Delegation for Migration Studies (Ju 2013:17)	2013	2025	The delegation initiates studies and communicates research results in the area of migration as background material for future migration policy decisions.
M	2030 Agenda and the Sustainable Development Goals	2015		The 2030 Agenda comprises seventeen Sustainable Development Goals. The aim is to eradicate poverty and hunger, realise human rights, achieve gender equality and the empowerment of women, and ensure lasting protection of the planet and its natural resources.
M	Fossil Free Sweden	2016	2024	The aim of the initiative is to speed up the transition to a fossil-free society by helping to strengthen and deepen cooperation between the Government and other societal actors.
M	Leadership Group for Industry Transition (LeadIT)	2019		Sweden and India launched the Leadership Group for Industry Transition (LeadIT) to promote climate transition in energy-intensive industry and for a fossil-free future. The countries and companies involved work for an industrial transition aimed at becoming fossil-free with net-zero greenhouse gas emissions by 2050.
S	Office for Sustainable Working Life	2021		The Office for Sustainable Working Life is part of the Government Offices. The Office aims to improve the potential for a longer and sustainable working life. This will be done by identifying needs and proposing measures. The Office submitted its first interim report in 2022.

7. Internal support

Employees by ministry

The following tables show the average number of employees by ministry. The column on the right shows the average proportion of women and men in each ministry in 2022. In connection with government reshuffles and other organisational changes, certain activities are sometimes re-allocated to other ministries. Caution must therefore be taken when making comparisons over time.

Departement	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Proportion women/men
Prime Minister's Office	189	191	212	206	226	60/40
Ministry of Employment	155	176	192	193	173	69/31
Ministry of Finance	541	562	508	505	534	56/44
Ministry of Defence	151	137	131	132	135	51/49
Ministry of Infrastructure		131	179	173	179	53/47
Ministry of Justice	413	398	433	428	410	66/34
Ministry of Culture	130	121	113	117	120	72/28
Ministry of the Environment	213	201	196	196	194	68/32
Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation	483	333	296	295	296	62/38
Ministry of Health and Social Affairs	281	250	255	287	297	72/28
Ministry of Education and Research	237	207	213	198	194	70/30
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	1 342	1 299	1 266	1 289	1 278	59/41
Office for Administrative Affairs	592	559	629	699	747	60/40
Government Offices	4 727	4 564	4 623	4 716	4 782	62/38
Proportion women/men	61/39	61/39	61/39	61/39	62/38	

'Employees' refers to the average number of employees, including staff on committees and staff posted abroad, who were in service for the whole or part of a month each year. Leave of absence and sickness absence on a full-time basis have been deducted. Annual leave has not been deducted.

Employees by staff category

The table below shows the median number of employees by staff category for each year.

Ministry	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Managers	510	506	513	518	533
Case officers	2 830	2 764	2 774	2 887	2 937
Specialists	574	543	587	570	603
Political appointees	203	181	204	193	167
Support staff	610	570	545	548	542
Government Offices	4 727	4 564	4 623	4 716	4 782
Calculated as FTEs	4 599	4 446	4 505	4 602	4 674

'Employees' refers to the average number of employees, including staff on committees and staff posted abroad, who were in service for the whole or part of a month each year.

Leave of absence and sickness absence on a full-time basis have been deducted.
Annual leave has not been deducted.

As the figures are medians and each subtotal is aggregated, this can mean that the sum of the parts does not match the aggregated total sum.

'Managers' refers to non-political senior officials and officials with personnel responsibility at the Government Offices.

'Case officers' refers to officials with no personnel responsibility. The category includes positions such as desk officer, deputy director and senior adviser.

'Specialists' refers to those employed under the Government Offices specialist agreement. They are mainly committee and inquiry staff, legal and special advisers, etc. employed on a fixed-term contract.

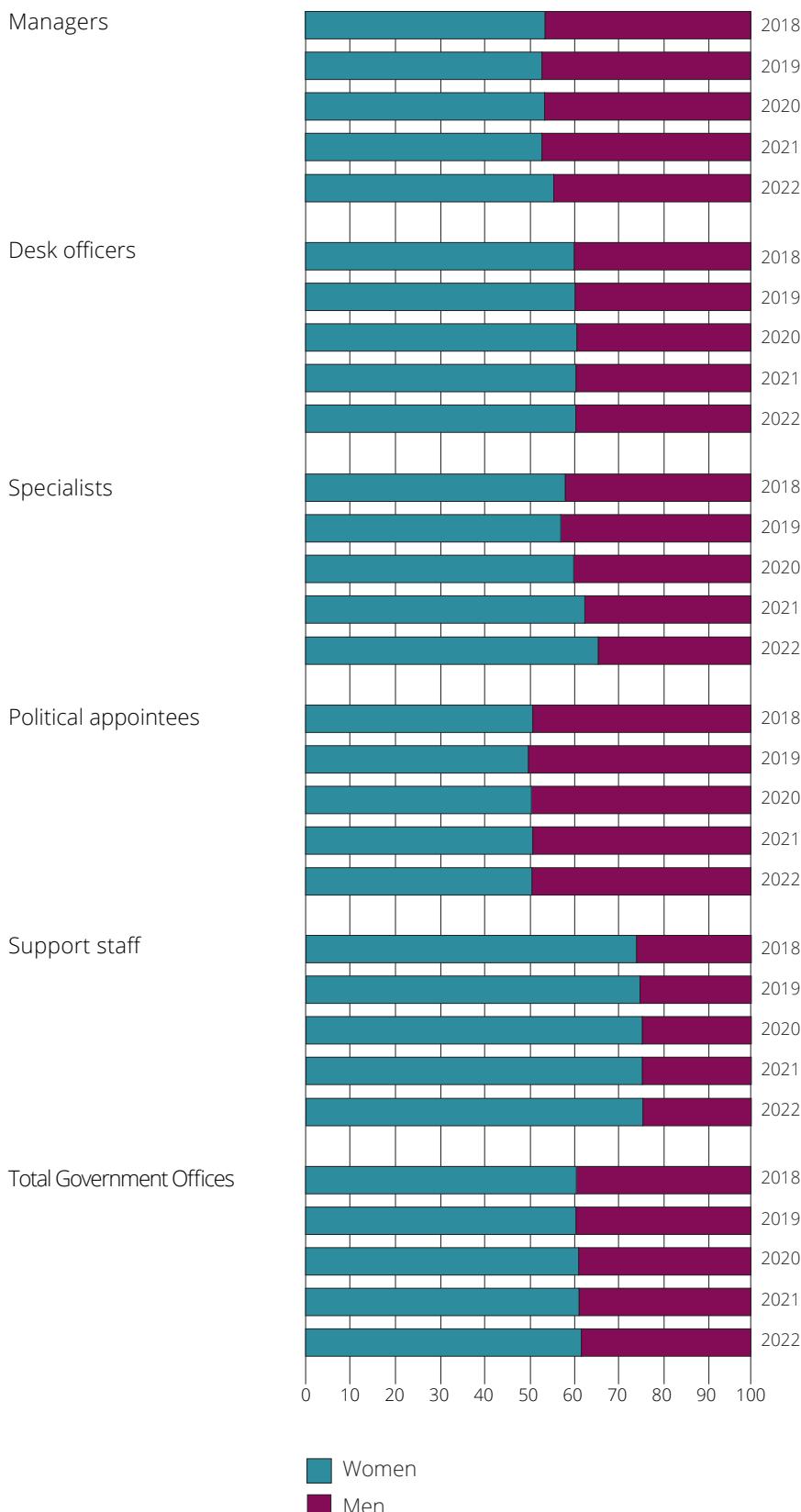
The report on 'political appointees' includes ministers, state secretaries and political advisers, including press secretaries.

'Support staff' refers to administrative officers, clerical officers, service staff, etc.

'Calculation as FTEs' (full-time equivalents) means that extent of employment has been taken into account. Accordingly, two employees working 50 per cent each are counted as one FTE.

Proportion of women and men by staff category

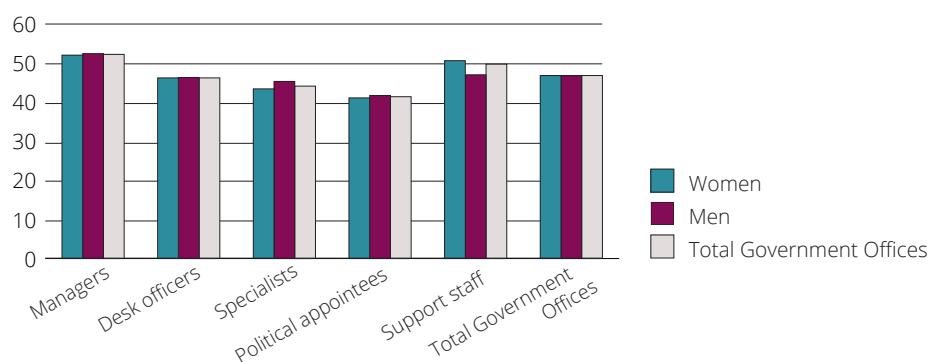
This diagram shows the proportion of women and men by staff category.



Average age and average length of service

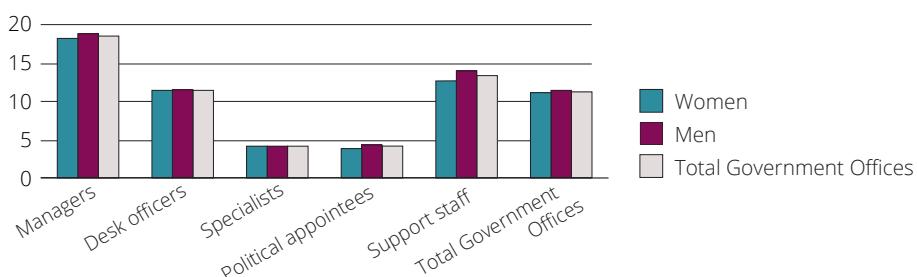
The diagrams show average age and average length of service by staff category in 2022.

Average age by staff category



The average age of Government Offices employees was 47 in 2022.

Average length of service by staff category



Den genomsnittliga anställningstiden varierar kraftigt mellan personalgrupperna.

The average length of service varies substantially between staff categories. The overall average length of service in the Government Offices is 11 years. The short length of service among specialists is due to their appointment, often to committees, on a fixed-term contract.

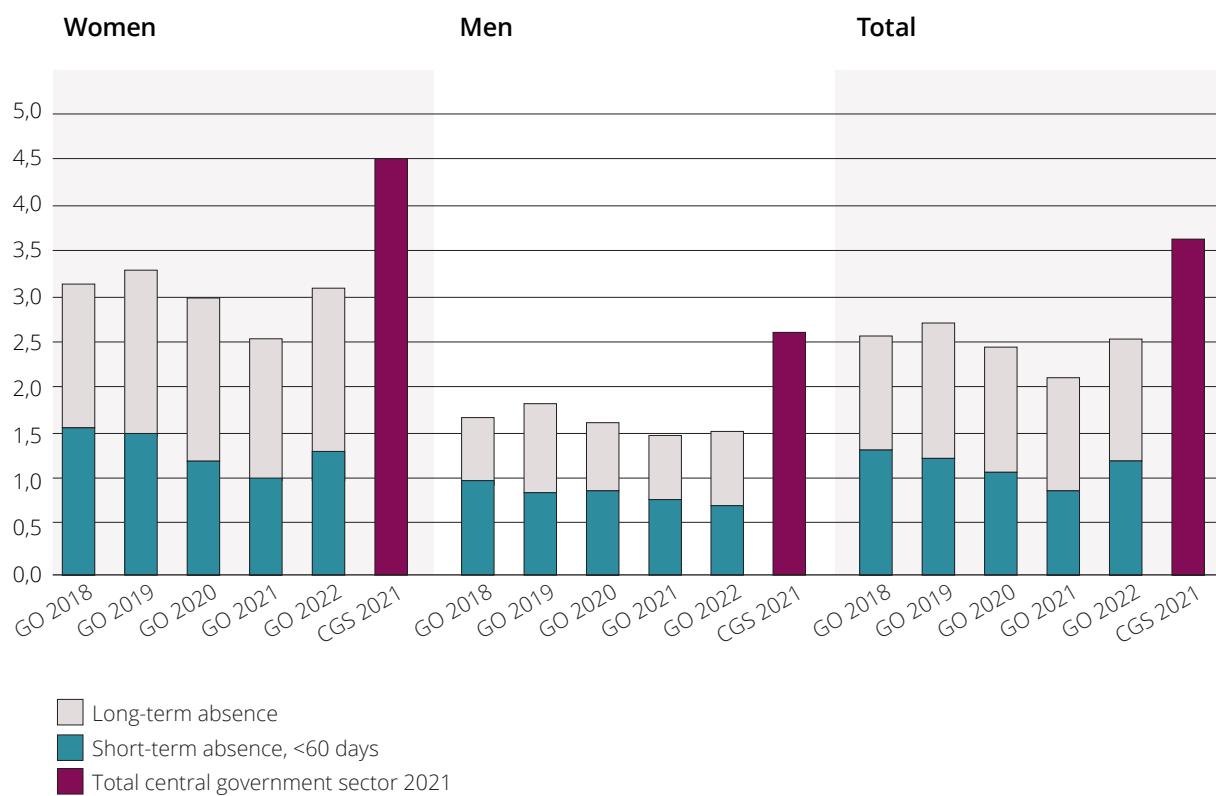
Staff turnover

As shown in the data on average length of service per staff category, many permanent employees have worked at the Government Offices for a long time. This is partly due to the opportunities available for moving to other positions at the Government Offices.

However, some Government Offices duties require specific professional experience from other parts of society. This is particularly true for those employed under the Government Offices specialist agreement, i.e. fixed-term contracts at ministries and on committees and inquiries. External staff mobility among ministry employees (excluding committee staff) was 18 per cent in 2022, and internal mobility between ministries was 5 per cent. In addition to this, officials change jobs within each ministry.

Sickness absence

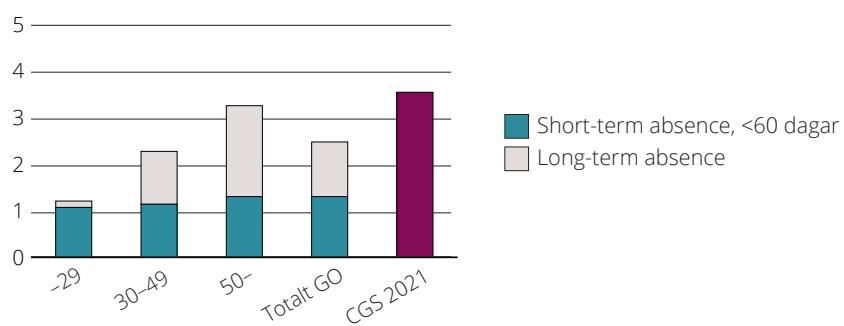
The sickness absence rate at the Government Offices was 2.5 per cent in 2022. Sickness absence was 3.1 per cent among women and 1.5 per cent among men in 2022. At the time of production of this Yearbook, the figures for the public sector as a whole for 2022 were not confirmed. For comparison, the 2021 rate was 3.6 per cent.



Sickness absence by age group

The diagram below shows that long-term absence in the Government Offices, as in society at large, increases with age. In total, 7 per cent of employees at the Government Offices are 29 years old or younger, 54 per cent are between 30 and 49, and 39 per cent are 50 or older.

Sickness absence by age group 2022



Parental leave and care of a sick child

Of the total number of working hours for women in the Government Offices in 2022, 3.1 per cent were parental leave and 0.3 per cent care of a sick child. The corresponding figures for men were 2.2 and 0.4 per cent, respectively.

Parental benefit

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
All employees	3.3%	3.1%	3.0%	2.9%	2.8%
Women	3.8%	3.6%	3.4%	3.4%	3.1%
Men	2.6%	2.3%	2.4%	2.3%	2.2%

Temporary parental benefit

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
All employees	0.5%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%
Women	0.5%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%
Men	0.5%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%

Equal pay

Every year, a pay survey is conducted in collaboration with the social partners to detect, remedy and prevent unjustified differences in pay and other employment terms between women and men at the Government Offices. The 2022 pay survey has not indicated any structural differences between men's and women's pay that need to be corrected.

Integration of climate and environment in the Government Offices' preparatory processes

Integrating climate and environment in the Government Offices' preparatory processes is an important tool for achieving the national environmental and climate goals adopted by the Riksdag. The aim of the Government Offices' 2017 environmental policy for integration of climate and environment in preparation processes is to ensure that, where relevant, consistent account is taken of the climate and environmental impact of government decisions. This applies to decisions on new proposals and new policies, and new committees of inquiry and remits to government agencies. This requires preparing relevant decision-making material that includes climate and environmental analyses. The work on integrating climate and environment is continuously monitored and developed. The Ministry of the Environment is responsible for overseeing the work and reporting to the Prime Minister each year. All ministry heads are responsible for the work in their ministry. The work must be developed so as to strengthen the central government's own work.

Activities with direct environmental impact (internal activities)

The Government Offices works to ensure that consideration for the environment is a natural element of day-to-day work. Internal environmental action must be inclusive and open. The Government Offices identifies and examines adverse environmental impacts of its activities so that they can be avoided. The Government Offices continuously monitors, evaluates and improves its environment action based on an environmental management system developed in accordance with environmental management standard ISO 14001.

In 2022, the Permanent Secretary approved new overall environmental goals and interim targets for Government Offices activities in 2023–2025. The goals aim to:

- reduce the amount of waste resulting from activities;
- ensure that use of IT products and services is long-term sustainable and beneficial to activities;
- reduce carbon emissions through climate-smart meetings;
- use procurement and purchasing as a key tool to reduce negative environmental impacts; and
- create awareness and knowledge of environmental action in the organisation.

Future work will take account of experiences gained during the pandemic regarding issues such as reduced emissions from official travel.

Government Offices expenditure

The activities of the Government Offices, excluding transfers, are largely financed via the appropriation for administrative operations. Special activities and services are financed via programme appropriations. The tables below show the Government Offices' costs under the appropriation for administrative operations. Salaries and premises account for the bulk of the Government Offices' costs.

A more detailed account of the Government Offices' finances is available in the annual report of the Government Offices 2022, see www.government.se.

Costs per ministry, SEK million

Ministry	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Prime Minister's Office	203	219	249	247	279
Ministry of Employment	154	184	207	215	201
Ministry of Finance	582	610	553	559	608
Ministry of Defence	174	172	163	169	186
Ministry of Infrastructure		152	203	202	213
Ministry of Justice	430	420	465	481	479
Ministry of Culture	144	140	133	139	148
Ministry of the Environment	227	222	211	214	292
Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation	542	386	347	355	373
Ministry of Health and Social Affairs	298	277	285	329	351
Ministry of Education and Research	229	209	228	256	212
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	2942	3060	2870	2947	3050
Office for Administrative Affairs	739	741	826	928	982
Joint*	990	941	989	1 072	1 176
Government Offices	7654	7733	7729	8112	8551

* The figures in the 'Joint' category show the Government Offices' rental costs and certain other shared costs.

The table shows expenditure per cost category by year.

Costs per cost category, SEK million

Ministry	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Staff costs	5423	5416	5678	5951	6222
Costs for premises	1549	1606	1600	1604	1723
Other operating costs	982	999	853	993	1 131
Financial expenses	24	28	48	25	49
Amortisation payments	241	278	290	319	273
Revenue	-565	-594	-741	-780	-848
Outcome	7654	7733	7729	8112	8551

How to contact the Government and the Government Offices

Telephone

Government Offices switchboard: +46 8 405 10 00

General enquiries about the Government and the Government Offices can be addressed to the Government Offices Communications Division. Enquiries about specific issues should be addressed to the relevant ministry.

Letters

All ministries (except the Ministry for Foreign Affairs):
103 33 Stockholm

Ministry for Foreign Affairs:
103 39 Stockholm

E-mail

statsradsberedningen.registrator@regeringskansliet.se
arbetsmarknadsdepartementet.registrator@regeringskansliet.se
finansdepartementet.registrator@regeringskansliet.se
forsvarsdepartementet.registrator@regeringskansliet.se
justitiedepartementet.registrator@regeringskansliet.se
kn.registrator@regeringskansliet.se (Klimat- och näringslivsdepartementet)
kulturdepartementet.registrator@regeringskansliet.se
li.registrator@regeringskansliet.se (Landsbygds- och infrastrukturdepartementet)
socialdepartementet.registrator@regeringskansliet.se
utbildningsdepartementet.registrator@regeringskansliet.se
utrikesdepartementet.registrator@regeringskansliet.se
forvaltningsavdelningen.registrator@regeringskansliet.se

Se även www.regeringen.se

Visits

Se www.regeringen.se

More information

The Government and Government Offices websites

The website www.government.se contains information about the work of the Government and the Government Offices. The website also contains information for media, calendars, lists of government business, contact information and vacant positions. Also available on the website are publications such as government bills, written communications, the Swedish Government Official Reports and information material. Visitors can also subscribe to news and watch webcasts of press conferences.

The Swedish Code of Statutes (SFS) – the official and authentic version of acts, ordinances and certain government agency regulations – is published on the website www.svenskforfatningssamling.se.

Rkrattsbaser.gov.se contains acts, ordinances, committee terms of reference and the database of committees of inquiry.

There is also an English-language website: government.se.

Lagrummet (Swedish only)

www.lagrummet.se is the public administration's common website for Swedish legal information. It contains links to the legal sources available on the internet and to legal information from the Government, the Riksdag, the courts and central government agencies.

The Government Offices main archives and research room

Here you can search in the Government Offices register of documents and access Government Offices official documents. Documents that may be subject to secrecy regulations are always examined prior to being released.

Telephone hours: Monday–Friday, 10.00–12.00

Research room opening hours: Monday–Friday, 10.00–12.00

Visitors' address: Fredsgatan 8, Stockholm Tel: +46 8 405 24 88

email: rk.arkiv@regeringskansliet.se

Ordering printed material

Government bills and written communications

Government bills and written communications can be purchased via the Riksdag Printing Office.

Tel: +46 8 786 58 10

Email: ordermottagningen@riksdagen.se

Website: www.riksdagen.se/sv/bestall-och-ladda-ned/

Swedish Government Official Reports (SOU), Ministry Publications Series (Ds) and committee terms of reference

Swedish Government Official Reports (SOU), Ministry Publications Series (Ds) and committee terms of reference can be purchased from Elanders Sverige AB.

Tel: +46 31 750 00 00

Email: info.sweden@elanders.com

Website: <https://www.elanders.com/swe/print-solutions/lutions/>

Government Offices of Sweden

Tel: +46 8 405 10 00

S-103 33 Stockholm

www.gov.se